

**Table 1. Fatal occupational injuries by selected industry¹,
Nebraska, All Ownerships, 2009**

Characteristic	All Industries ²	Total (code T)
Total:	57	57
Employee status:		
Wage and salary workers	36	36
Self-employed	21	21
Gender:		
Men	49	49
Women	8	8
Age:		
Under 16 years	--	--
16 to 17 years	--	--
18 to 19 years	--	--
20 to 24 years	--	--
25 to 34 years	7	7
35 to 44 years	8	8
45 to 54 years	10	10
55 to 64 years	11	11
65 years and over	15	15
Race or ethnic origin³:		
White, non-Hispanic	53	53
Black, non-Hispanic	--	--
Hispanic or Latino	--	--
American Indian, Aleut, Eskimo	--	--
Asian	--	--
Pacific Islander	--	--
Multiple races	--	--
Other or not reported	--	--
Event or exposure⁴:		
Contact with objects and equipment	9	9
Struck by object or equipment	4	4
Struck by falling object or equipment	--	--
Caught in or compressed by equipment or objects	4	4
Caught in running equipment or machinery	--	--
Falls	13	13
Fall to lower level	12	12
Fall from ladder	3	3
Fall from roof	--	--
Fall from scaffold, staging	--	--
Exposure to harmful substances or environments	4	4
Contact with electric current	--	--
Exposure to caustic, noxious, or allergenic substances	--	--
Oxygen deficiency (including drowning)	--	--
Transportation incidents	26	26
Highway incidents	17	17
Collision between vehicles, mobile equipment	12	12
Non-collision incidents	3	3
Non-highway incident, except rail, air, water	8	8
Overturned	6	6
Pedestrian struck by vehicle, mobile equipment	--	--
Aircraft incidents	--	--
Fires and explosions	--	--
Assaults and violent acts	4	4
Homicides	--	--
Self inflicted injuries	--	--
Other or not reported	--	--

See footnotes at end of table.

**Table 1. Fatal occupational injuries by selected industry¹,
Nebraska, All Ownerships, 2009**

Characteristic	All Industries ²	Total (code T)
Primary source^{3,5}:		
Vehicles	25	25
Highway vehicles	19	19
Automobiles	7	7
Trucks	11	11
Plant and industrial powered vehicles, tractors	--	--
Forklifts	--	--
Tractors	--	--
Structures and surfaces	15	15
Floors, walkways, ground surfaces	13	13
Machinery	6	6
Agriculture and garden machinery	4	4
Construction, logging, and mining machinery	--	--
Material handling machinery	--	--
Parts and materials	3	3
Machine, tool, and electric parts	--	--
Persons, plants, animals, and minerals	--	--
Persons -other than injured worker	--	--
Robber	--	--
Co-worker, former co-worker	--	--
Trees, logs	--	--
Chemicals and chemical products	--	--
Tools, instruments, and equipment	--	--
Containers	--	--
Other	5	5
Bullets and pellets	4	4
Fire, flame, smoke	--	--
Secondary source^{4,6}:		
Vehicles	18	18
Highway vehicles	17	17
Plant and industrial powered vehicles, tractors	--	--
Structures and surfaces	7	7
Floors, walkways, ground surfaces	3	3
Structures	--	--
Machinery	4	4
Parts and materials	--	--
Machine, tool, and electric parts	--	--
Persons, plants, animals, and minerals	5	5
Persons -other than injured worker	--	--
Robber	--	--
Co-worker, former co-worker	--	--
Trees, logs	--	--
Chemicals and chemical products	--	--
Tools, instruments, and equipment	--	--
Containers	--	--
Other	5	5
Liquids (including water)	--	--
No secondary source	13	13

See footnotes at end of table.

**Table 1. Fatal occupational injuries by selected industry¹,
Nebraska, All Ownerships, 2009**

Characteristic	All Industries ²	Total (code T)
Nature³:		
Intracranial injuries	9	9
Other traumatic injuries	18	18
Internal injuries	11	11
Asphyxiations, suffocations	--	--
Drownings	--	--
Electrocutions	--	--
Poisonings, toxic effects	--	--
Open wounds	4	4
Gunshot wounds	4	4
Burns (heat, chemical, etc.)	--	--
Multiple traumatic injuries	20	20
Intracranial injuries and injuries to internal organs	3	3
Part of body⁴:		
Head	11	11
Trunk	14	14
Chest	8	8
Back	--	--
Neck	--	--
Lower extremities	--	--
Upper extremities	--	--
Body systems	7	7
Multiple	22	22
Worker activity:		
Vehicular and transportation operations	30	30
Using or operating tools, machinery	--	--
Constructing, repairing, cleaning	8	8
Protective service activities	--	--
Materials handling operations	--	--
Physical activities	5	5
Other activities	4	4
Tending a retail establishment	3	3
Not reported	6	6
Location:		
Private residence	8	8
Farm	14	14
Mine, quarry	--	--
Industrial place and premises	7	7
Place for recreation or sports	--	--
Street and highway	22	22
Public building	4	4
Residential institutions	--	--
Other or not reported	--	--

See footnotes at end of table.

**Table 1. Fatal occupational injuries by selected industry¹,
Nebraska, All Ownerships, 2009**

Characteristic	All Industries ²	Total (code T)
Occupation³:		
Management occupations	17	17
Business and financial operations occupations	--	--
Computer and mathematical occupations	--	--
Architecture and Engineering occupations	--	--
Life, physical, and social science occupations	--	--
Community and social services occupations	--	--
Legal occupations	--	--
Education, training, and library occupations	--	--
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	--	--
Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations	--	--
Healthcare support occupations	--	--
Protective service occupations	--	--
Food preparation and serving related occupations	--	--
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	--	--
Personal care and service occupations	--	--
Sales and related occupations	7	7
Office and administrative support occupations	--	--
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	4	4
Construction and extraction occupations	12	12
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	--	--
Production occupations	--	--
Transportation and material moving occupations	14	14
Military specific occupations ⁴	--	--

¹Industry data from 2003 to 2008 are classified using the 2002 North American Industry Classification System (NAICS). Industry data after 2008 are classified using the 2007 NAICS.

²Mining includes fatalities at all establishments categorized as Mining (Sector 21) in the North American Industry Classification System, including establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in Oil and Gas Extraction.

³Persons identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race. The race categories shown exclude data for Hispanics and Latinos.

⁴Based on the BLS Occupational Injury and Illness Classification Manual

⁵The primary source of injury identifies the object, substance, or exposure that directly produced or inflicted the injury. For most transportation incidents, the primary source identifies the vehicle in which the deceased was an occupant. For most falls, the primary source identifies the surface or object contacted.

⁶The secondary source of injury, if any, identifies the object, substance, or person that generated the source of injury or that contributed to the event or exposure. For vehicle collisions, the deceased's vehicle is the primary source and the other object (truck, road divider, etc.) is the secondary source. For most homicides, the "bullet" is the primary source and the "assailant" is the secondary source. For most falls, the secondary source identifies the equipment or surface from which the worker fell.

⁷Based on the Standard Occupational Classification system

⁸Military specific occupations include fatalities to persons identified as resident armed forces regardless of individual occupation listed.

NOTE: Dashes indicate no data or data that do not meet publication criteria. Totals for major categories may include subcategories not shown separately. CFOI fatality counts exclude illness-related deaths unless precipitated by an injury event. Data for 2009 are preliminary.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries, October 07, 2010

TABLE A-1. Fatal occupational injuries by industry and event or exposure, Nebraska, 2009

Industry ¹	NAICS code ¹	Total fatalities (number)	Event or exposure ²					
			Transportation incidents ³	Assaults and violent acts ⁴	Contact with objects and equipment	Falls	Exposure to harmful substances or environments	Fires and explosions
Total		57	26	4	9	13	4	--
Private Industry		56	25	4	9	13	4	--
Goods Producing		34	14	--	6	8	--	--
Natural Resources and Mining		19	11	--	3	3	--	--
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing and Hunting	11	18	10	--	3	3	--	--
Crop Production.....	111	13	9	--	--	--	--	--
Animal Production.....	112	5	--	--	--	--	--	--
Cattle Ranching and Farming.....	1121	5	--	--	--	--	--	--
Construction		13	--	--	3	4	--	--
Construction	23	13	--	--	3	4	--	--
Construction of buildings.....	236	3	--	--	--	--	--	--
Heavy and Civil Engineering Construction.....	237	5	--	--	--	--	--	--
Specialty Trade Contractors.....	238	5	--	--	--	4	--	--
Service providing		22	11	--	3	5	--	--
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities		16	7	--	3	3	--	--
Wholesale Trade	42	7	3	--	--	--	--	--
Merchant Wholesalers, Durable Goods.....	423	4	--	--	--	--	--	--
Merchant Wholesalers, Nondurable Goods.....	424	3	--	--	--	--	--	--

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE A-1. Fatal occupational injuries by industry and event or exposure, Nebraska, 2009 - continued

Industry ¹	NAICS code ¹	Total fatalities (number)	Event or exposure ²					
			Transportation incidents ³	Assaults and violent acts ⁴	Contact with objects and equipment	Falls	Exposure to harmful substances or environments	Fires and explosions
Retail Trade	44-45	3	--	--	--	--	--	--
Transportation and Warehousing	48-49	6	4	--	--	--	--	--
Truck Transportation.....	484	4	--	--	--	--	--	--
Specialized Freight Trucking.....	4842	3	--	--	--	--	--	--
Specialized Freight (except Used Goods) Trucking, Long-Distance.....	48423	3	--	--	--	--	--	--

¹ Industry data from 2003 to 2008 are classified using the 2002 North American Industry Classification System (NAICS). Industry data after 2008 are classified using the 2007 NAICS.

² Based on the BLS Occupational Injury and Illness Classification Manual.

³ Includes highway, nonhighway, air, water, rail fatalities, and fatalities resulting from being struck by a vehicle.

⁴ Includes violence by persons, self-inflicted injury, and attacks by animals.

⁵ Includes fatalities at all establishments categorized as Mining (Sector 21) in the North American Industry Classification System, including establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in Oil and Gas Extraction.

⁶ Includes fatalities to workers employed by governmental organizations regardless of industry.

NOTE: Totals for major categories may include subcategories not shown separately. Dashes indicate no data reported or data that do not meet publication criteria. CFOI fatality counts exclude illness-related deaths unless precipitated by an injury event. Data for 2009 are preliminary.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, in cooperation with State and Federal agencies, Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries.

TABLE A-2. Fatal occupational injuries resulting from transportation incidents and homicides, Nebraska, 2009

Industry ¹	Total fatalities (number)	Transportation incidents					Homicides		
		Total	Highway incidents	Non-highway Incidents	Worker struck by vehicle	All other transportation incidents	Total	Homicides by shooting	All other homicides
Total	57	26	17	8	--	--	--	--	--
Private Industry	56	25	16	8	--	--	--	--	--
Goods Producing	34	14	5	8	--	--	--	--	--
Natural Resources and Mining	19	11	3	7	--	--	--	--	--
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing and Hunting	18	10	3	7	--	--	--	--	--
Crop Production.....	13	9	3	6	--	--	--	--	--
Animal Production.....	5	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Cattle Ranching and Farming.....	5	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Construction	13	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Construction	13	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Construction of buildings.....	3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Heavy and Civil Engineering Construction.....	5	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Specialty Trade Contractors.....	5	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Service providing	22	11	11	--	--	--	--	--	--
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	16	7	7	--	--	--	--	--	--
Wholesale Trade	7	3	3	--	--	--	--	--	--
Merchant Wholesalers, Durable Goods.....	4	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Merchant Wholesalers, Nondurable Goods.....	3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE A-2. Fatal occupational injuries resulting from transportation incidents and homicides, Nebraska, 2009 - continued

Industry ¹	Total fatalities (number)	Transportation incidents					Homicides		
		Total	Highway incidents	Non-highway Incidents	Worker struck by vehicle	All other transportation incidents	Total	Homicides by shooting	All other homicides
Retail Trade	3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Transportation and Warehousing	6	4	4	--	--	--	--	--	--
Truck Transportation.....	4	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Specialized Freight Trucking.....	3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Specialized Freight (except Used Goods) Trucking, Long-Distance.....	3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

¹ Industry data from 2003 to 2008 are classified using the 2002 North American Industry Classification System (NAICS). Industry data after 2008 are classified using the 2007 NAICS.

² Includes fatalities at all establishments categorized as Mining (Sector 21) in the North American Industry Classification System, including establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in Oil and Gas Extraction.

³ Includes fatalities to workers employed by governmental organizations regardless of industry.

NOTE: Totals for major categories may include subcategories not shown separately. Dashes indicate no data reported or data that do not meet publication criteria. CFOI fatality counts exclude illness-related deaths unless precipitated by an injury event. Data for 2009 are preliminary.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, in cooperation with State and Federal agencies, Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries

TABLE A-3. Fatal occupational injuries to private sector wage and salary workers, government workers, and self-employed workers by industry, Nebraska, 2009

Industry ¹	Fatalities		Private sector wage and salary workers ²		Government workers ³		Self-employed workers ⁴	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Total	57	100.0	35	100.0	--	--	21	100.0
Goods Producing	34	59.6	16	45.7	--	--	18	85.7
Natural Resources and Mining	19	33.3	5	14.3	--	--	14	66.7
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing and Hunting	18	31.6	4	11.4	--	--	14	66.7
Crop Production.....	13	22.8	3	8.6	--	--	10	47.6
Animal Production.....	5	8.8	--	--	--	--	4	19.0
Cattle Ranching and Farming.....	5	8.8	--	--	--	--	4	19.0
Construction	13	22.8	9	25.7	--	--	4	19.0
Construction	13	22.8	9	25.7	--	--	4	19.0
Construction of buildings.....	3	5.3	--	--	--	--	--	--
Heavy and Civil Engineering Construction.....	5	8.8	5	14.3	--	--	--	--
Specialty Trade Contractors.....	5	8.8	--	--	--	--	3	14.3
Service providing	23	40.4	19	54.3	--	--	3	14.3
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	16	28.1	14	40.0	--	--	--	--
Wholesale Trade	7	12.3	5	14.3	--	--	--	--
Merchant Wholesalers, Durable Goods.....	4	7.0	--	--	--	--	--	--
Merchant Wholesalers, Nondurable Goods.....	3	5.3	3	8.6	--	--	--	--

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE A-3. Fatal occupational injuries to private sector wage and salary workers, government workers, and self-employed workers by industry, Nebraska, 2009 - Continued

Industry ¹	Fatalities		Private sector wage and salary workers ²		Government workers ³		Self-employed workers ⁴	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Transportation and Warehousing	6	10.5	6	17.1	--	--	--	--
Truck Transportation.....	4	7.0	4	11.4	--	--	--	--
Specialized Freight Trucking.....	3	5.3	3	8.6	--	--	--	--
Specialized Freight (except Used Goods) Trucking, Long-Distance.....	3	5.3	3	8.6	--	--	--	--

¹ Industry data from 2003 to 2008 are classified using the 2002 North American Industry Classification System (NAICS). Industry data after 2008 are classified using the 2007 NAICS.

² May include volunteers and workers receiving other types of compensation

³ Includes fatalities to workers employed by governmental organizations regardless of industry.

⁴ Includes self-employed workers, owners of unincorporated businesses and farms, paid and unpaid family workers, and may include some owners of incorporated businesses or members of partnerships.

⁵ Includes fatalities at all establishments categorized as Mining (Sector 21) in the North American Industry Classification System, including establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in Oil and Gas Extraction.

NOTE: Totals for major categories may include subcategories not shown separately. Dashes indicate no data reported or data that do not meet publication criteria. CFOI fatality counts exclude illness-related deaths unless precipitated by an injury event. Data for 2009 are preliminary

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, in cooperation with State and Federal agencies, Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries

TABLE A-4. Fatal occupational injuries by primary and secondary source of injury for all fatalities and by major private industr¹ sector, Nebraska, 2009

Primary source and secondary source ²	Total fatalities (number)	Goods producing				Service providing							
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ³	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation, and utilities	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services
Total.....	57	34	19	13	--	22	16	--	--	--	--	--	--
Primary Source⁴													
Machinery.....	6	6	5	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Agricultural and garden machinery.....	4	4	4	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Parts and materials.....	3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Structures and surfaces.....	15	9	3	5	--	6	4	--	--	--	--	--	--
Floors, walkways, ground surfaces.....	13	8	3	4	--	5	3	--	--	--	--	--	--
Ground.....	5	--	--	--	--	3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Vehicles.....	25	12	9	--	--	12	8	--	--	--	--	--	--
Highway vehicle, motorized.....	19	6	4	--	--	12	8	--	--	--	--	--	--
Automobile.....	7	--	--	--	--	6	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Truck.....	11	6	4	--	--	5	5	--	--	--	--	--	--
Pickup truck.....	4	3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Semitrailer, tractor trailer, trailer truck.....	4	--	--	--	--	3	3	--	--	--	--	--	--
Offroad vehicle, nonindustrial.....	4	4	4	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
All terrain vehicle (ATV).....	4	4	4	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Other sources.....	5	3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Ammunition.....	4	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Bullets.....	4	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Secondary Source⁵													
Machinery.....	4	4	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Persons, plants, animals, and minerals.....	5	--	--	--	--	3	3	--	--	--	--	--	--
Structures and surfaces.....	7	4	--	--	--	3	3	--	--	--	--	--	--
Floors, walkways, ground surfaces.....	3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Vehicles.....	18	6	4	--	--	11	7	--	--	--	--	--	--

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE A-4. Fatal occupational injuries by primary and secondary source of injury for all fatalities and by major private industr¹ sector, Nebraska, 2009 - continued

Primary source and secondary source ²	Total fatalities (number)	Goods producing				Service providing							
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ³	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation, and utilities	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services
Highway vehicle, motorized.....	17	5	3	--	--	11	7	--	--	--	--	--	--
Automobile.....	3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Truck.....	14	4	--	--	--	9	5	--	--	--	--	--	--
Semitrailer, tractor trailer, trailer truck.....	12	3	--	--	--	8	5	--	--	--	--	--	--
Other sources.....	4	3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Atmospheric and environmental conditions.....	3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Weather and atmospheric conditions.....	3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

¹ Industry data from 2003 to 2008 are classified using the 2002 North American Industry Classification System (NAICS). Industry data after 2008 are classified using the 2007 NAICS.

² Based on the BLS Occupational Injury and Illness Classification Manual.

³ Includes fatalities at all establishments categorized as Mining (Sector 21) in the North American Industry Classification System, including establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in Oil and Gas Extraction.

⁴ The primary source of injury identifies the object, substance, or exposure that directly produced or inflicted the injury. For most transportation incidents, the primary source identifies the vehicle in which the deceased was an occupant. For most falls, the primary source identifies the surface or object contacted

⁵ The secondary source of injury, if any, identifies the object, substance, or person that generated the

source of injury or that contributed to the event or exposure. For vehicle collisions, the deceased's vehicle is the primary source and the other object (truck, road divider, etc.) is the secondary source. For most homicides, the "bullet" is the primary source and the "assailant" is the secondary source. For most falls, the secondary source identifies the equipment or surface from which the worker fell.

NOTE: Totals for major categories may include subcategories not shown separately. Dashes indicate no data reported or data that do not meet publication criteria. n.e.c. means "not elsewhere classified." CFOI fatality counts exclude illness-related deaths unless precipitated by an injury event. Data for 2009 are preliminary.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, in cooperation with State and Federal agencies, Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries

TABLE A-5. Fatal occupational injuries by occupation and event or exposure, Nebraska, 2009

Occupation ¹	Total fatalities (number)	Event or exposure ²					
		Transportation incidents ³	Assaults and violent acts ⁴	Contact with objects and equipment	Falls	Exposure to harmful substances or environments	Fires and explosions
Total.....	57	26	4	9	13	4	--
Management occupations.....	17	9	--	3	--	--	--
Advertising, marketing, promotions, public relations, and sales managers.....	3	3	--	--	--	--	--
Other management occupations.....	14	6	--	3	--	--	--
Agricultural managers.....	12	6	--	3	--	--	--
Farmers and ranchers.....	12	6	--	3	--	--	--
Sales and related occupations.....	7	--	--	--	--	--	--
Supervisors, sales workers.....	4	--	--	--	--	--	--
First-line supervisors/managers, sales workers.....	4	--	--	--	--	--	--
First-line supervisors/managers of non-retail sales workers.....	3	--	--	--	--	--	--
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations.....	4	3	--	--	--	--	--
Agricultural workers.....	4	3	--	--	--	--	--
Miscellaneous agricultural workers.....	4	3	--	--	--	--	--
Farmworkers and laborers, crop, nursery, and greenhouse.....	3	3	--	--	--	--	--
Construction and extraction occupations.....	12	3	--	3	3	--	--
Construction trades workers.....	10	3	--	--	3	--	--
Construction laborers.....	4	--	--	--	--	--	--
Construction laborers.....	4	--	--	--	--	--	--
Transportation and material moving occupations.....	14	7	--	--	4	--	--
Motor vehicle operators.....	8	5	--	--	--	--	--
Driver/sales workers and truck drivers.....	8	5	--	--	--	--	--
Truck drivers, heavy and tractor-trailer.....	6	3	--	--	--	--	--
Material moving workers.....	6	--	--	--	--	--	--
Laborers and material movers, hand.....	5	--	--	--	--	--	--
Laborers and freight, stock, and material movers, hand.....	5	--	--	--	--	--	--

¹ Based on the Standard Occupational Classification System.

² Based on the BLS Occupational Injury and Illness Classification Manual.

³ Includes highway, nonhighway, air, water, rail fatalities, and fatalities resulting from being struck by a vehicle.

⁴ Includes violence by persons, self-inflicted injury, and attacks by animals.

⁵ Military specific occupations include fatalities to persons identified as resident armed forces regardless of individual occupation listed.

NOTE: Totals for major categories may include subcategories not shown separately. Dashes indicate no data reported or data that do not meet publication criteria. CFOI fatality count: exclude illness-related deaths unless precipitated by an injury event. Data for 2009 are preliminary

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, in cooperation with State and Federal agencies, Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries

TABLE A-6. Fatal occupational injuries resulting from transportation incidents and homicides by occupation, Nebraska, 2009

Occupation ¹	Total fatalities (number)	Transportation incidents					Homicides		
		Total	Highway incidents	Non-highway incidents	Pedestrian struck by vehicle	All other transporta- tion incidents	Total	Homicides by shooting	All other homicides
Total.....	57	26	17	8	--	--	--	--	--
Management occupations.....	17	9	4	5	--	--	--	--	--
Advertising, marketing, promotions, public relations, and sales managers.....	3	3	3	--	--	--	--	--	--
Other management occupations.....	14	6	--	5	--	--	--	--	--
Agricultural managers.....	12	6	--	5	--	--	--	--	--
Farmers and ranchers.....	12	6	--	5	--	--	--	--	--
Sales and related occupations.....	7	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Supervisors, sales workers.....	4	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
First-line supervisors/managers, sales workers.....	4	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
First-line supervisors/managers of non-retail sales workers.....	3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations.....	4	3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Agricultural workers.....	4	3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Miscellaneous agricultural workers.....	4	3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Farmworkers and laborers, crop, nursery, and greenhouse.....	3	3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Construction and extraction occupations.....	12	3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Construction trades workers.....	10	3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Construction laborers.....	4	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE A-6. Fatal occupational injuries resulting from transportation incidents and homicides by occupation, Nebraska, 2009 - continued

Occupation ¹	Total fatalities (number)	Transportation incidents					Homicides		
		Total	Highway incidents	Non-highway incidents	Pedestrian struck by vehicle	All other transporta- tion incidents	Total	Homicides by shooting	All other homicides
Construction laborers.....	4	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Transportation and material moving occupations.....	14	7	6	--	--	--	--	--	--
Motor vehicle operators.....	8	5	5	--	--	--	--	--	--
Driver/sales workers and truck drivers.....	8	5	5	--	--	--	--	--	--
Truck drivers, heavy and tractor-trailer.....	6	3	3	--	--	--	--	--	--
Material moving workers.....	6	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Laborers and material movers, hand.....	5	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Laborers and freight, stock, and material movers, hand.....	5	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

¹ Based on the Standard Occupational Classification System.

² Military specific occupations include fatalities to persons identified as resident armed forces regardless of individual occupation listed.

NOTE: Totals for major categories may include subcategories not shown separately. Dashes indicate

no data reported or data that do not meet publication criteria. CFOI fatality counts exclude illness-related deaths unless precipitated by an injury event. Data for 2009 are preliminary

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, in cooperation with State and Federal agencies, Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries

Table A-7. Fatal occupational injuries by worker characteristics and event or exposure, Nebraska, 2009

Worker characteristics	Total fatalities (number)	Event or exposure ¹					
		Transportation incidents ²	Assaults and violent acts ³	Contact with objects and equipment	Falls	Exposure to harmful substances or environments	Fires and explosions
Total.....	57	26	4	9	13	4	--
Employee Status							
Wage and Salary Workers ⁴	36	17	--	5	8	4	--
Self-employed ⁵	21	9	--	4	5	--	--
Gender							
Men.....	49	21	3	7	13	4	--
Women.....	8	5	--	--	--	--	--
Age							
Under 16 years.....	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
16 to 17 years.....	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
18 to 19 years.....	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
20 to 24 years.....	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
25 to 34 years.....	7	4	--	--	--	--	--
35 to 44 years.....	8	4	--	--	--	--	--
45 to 54 years.....	10	3	--	--	3	--	--
55 to 64 years.....	11	4	--	--	5	--	--
65 years and over.....	15	7	--	--	3	--	--
Race or Ethnic Origin⁶							
White, non-Hispanic.....	53	25	4	8	13	--	--
Black, non-Hispanic.....	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Hispanic or Latino.....	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
American Indian or Alaska Native.....	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Asian.....	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander.....	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

¹ Based on the BLS Occupational Injury and Illness Classification Manual.

² Includes highway, nonhighway, air, water, rail fatalities, and fatalities resulting from being struck by a vehicle.

³ Includes violence by persons, self-inflicted injury, and attacks by animals.

⁴ May include volunteers and workers receiving other types of compensation.

⁵ Includes self-employed workers, owners of unincorporated businesses and farms, paid and unpaid family workers, and may include some owners of incorporated businesses or members of partnerships.

⁶ Persons identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race. The race

categories shown exclude data for Hispanics and Latinos.

NOTE: Totals for major categories may include subcategories not shown separately. Dashes indicate no data reported or data that do not meet publication criteria. CFOI fatality counts exclude illness-related deaths unless precipitated by an injury event. Data for 2009 are preliminary

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, in cooperation with State and Federal agencies, Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries

TABLE A-8. Fatal occupational injuries by event or exposure and age, Nebraska, 2009

Event or exposure ¹	Total fatalities (number)	Age								
		Under 16 years	16-17 years	18-19 years	20-24 years	25-34 years	35-44 years	45-54 years	55-64 years	65 years and over
Total.....	57	--	--	--	--	7	8	10	11	15
Contact with objects and equipment.....	9	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Struck by object or equipment.....	4	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Caught in or compressed by equipment or objects.....	4	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Falls.....	13	--	--	--	--	--	--	3	5	3
Fall to lower level.....	12	--	--	--	--	--	--	3	5	--
Fall from ladder.....	3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Fall from nonmoving vehicle.....	3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Exposure to harmful substances or environments.....	4	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Transportation accidents.....	26	--	--	--	--	4	4	3	4	7
Highway accident.....	17	--	--	--	--	4	4	3	4	--
Collision between vehicles, mobile equipment.....	12	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	4	--
Moving in opposite directions, oncoming.....	6	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	3	--
Moving in intersection.....	5	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Noncollision accident.....	3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Nonhighway accident, except rail, air, water.....	8	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	5
Noncollision accident.....	6	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	4
Overturned.....	6	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	4
Assaults and violent acts.....	4	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

¹ Based on the BLS Occupational Injury and Illness Classification Manual.

NOTE: Totals for major categories may include subcategories not shown separately. Dashes indicate no data reported or data that do not meet publication criteria. n.e.c. means "not

elsewhere classified." CFOI fatality counts exclude illness-related deaths unless precipitated by an injury event. Data for 2009 are preliminary

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, in cooperation with State and Federal agencies, Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries

TABLE A-9. Fatal occupational injuries by event or exposure for all fatalities and major private industry¹ sector, Nebraska, 2009

Event or exposure ²	Total fatalities (number)	Goods producing				Service providing							
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ³	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation, and utilities	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services
Total.....	57	34	19	13	--	22	16	--	--	--	--	--	--
Contact with objects and equipment.....	9	6	3	3	--	3	3	--	--	--	--	--	--
Struck by object or equipment.....	4	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Caught in or compressed by equipment or objects.....	4	3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Falls.....	13	8	3	4	--	5	3	--	--	--	--	--	--
Fall to lower level.....	12	8	3	4	--	4	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Fall from ladder.....	3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Fall from nonmoving vehicle.....	3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Exposure to harmful substances or environments.....	4	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Transportation accidents.....	26	14	11	--	--	11	7	--	--	--	--	--	--
Highway accident.....	17	5	3	--	--	11	7	--	--	--	--	--	--
Collision between vehicles, mobile equipment.....	12	3	--	--	--	8	4	--	--	--	--	--	--
Moving in opposite directions, oncoming.....	6	--	--	--	--	4	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Moving in intersection.....	5	--	--	--	--	4	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Noncollision accident.....	3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Nonhighway accident, except rail, air, water.....	8	8	7	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Noncollision accident.....	6	6	5	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Overturned.....	6	6	5	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Assaults and violent acts.....	4	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

¹ Industry data from 2003 to 2008 are classified using the 2002 North American Industry Classification System (NAICS). Industry data after 2008 are classified using the 2007 NAICS.

² Based on the BLS Occupational Injury and Illness Classification Manual.

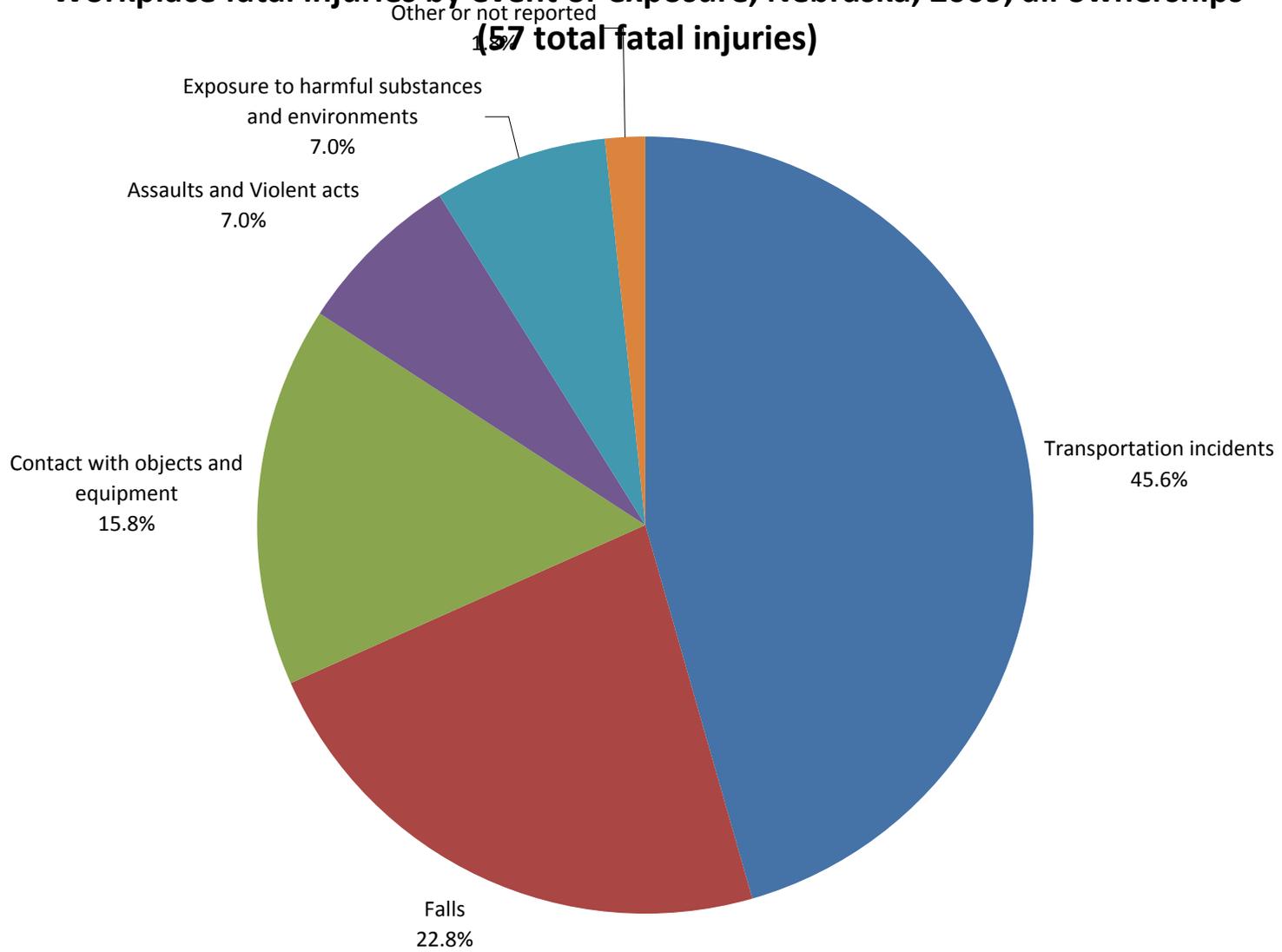
³ Includes fatalities at all establishments categorized as Mining (Sector 21) in the North American Industry Classification System, including establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in Oil and Gas Extraction.

NOTE: Totals for major categories may include subcategories not shown separately. Dashes indicate no data reported or data that do not meet publication criteria. n.e.c. means "not elsewhere classified." CFOI fatality counts exclude illness-related deaths unless precipitated by an injury event. Data for 2009 are preliminary.

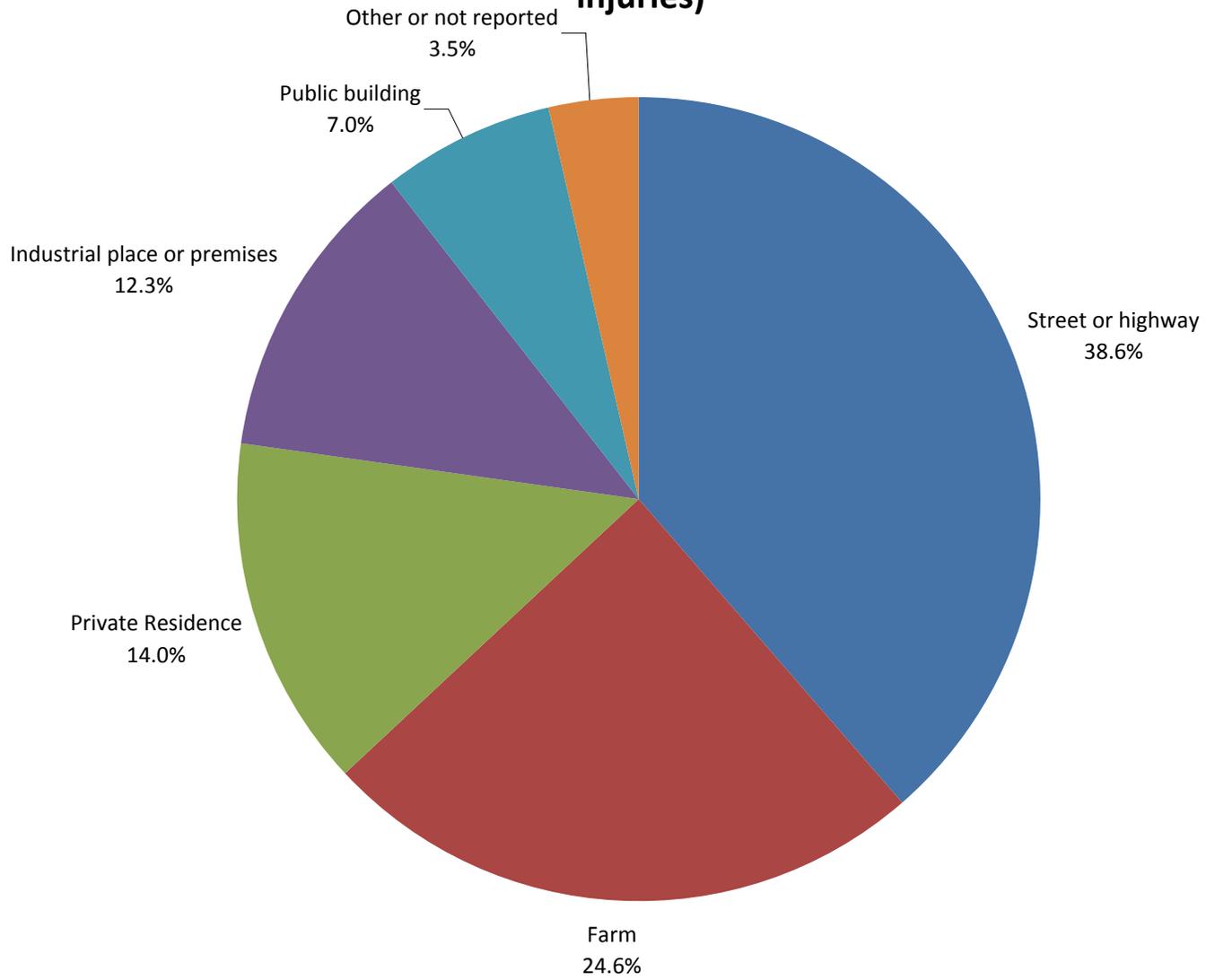
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, in cooperation with State and Federal agencies, Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries

Workplace fatal injuries by event or exposure, Nebraska, 2009, all ownerships

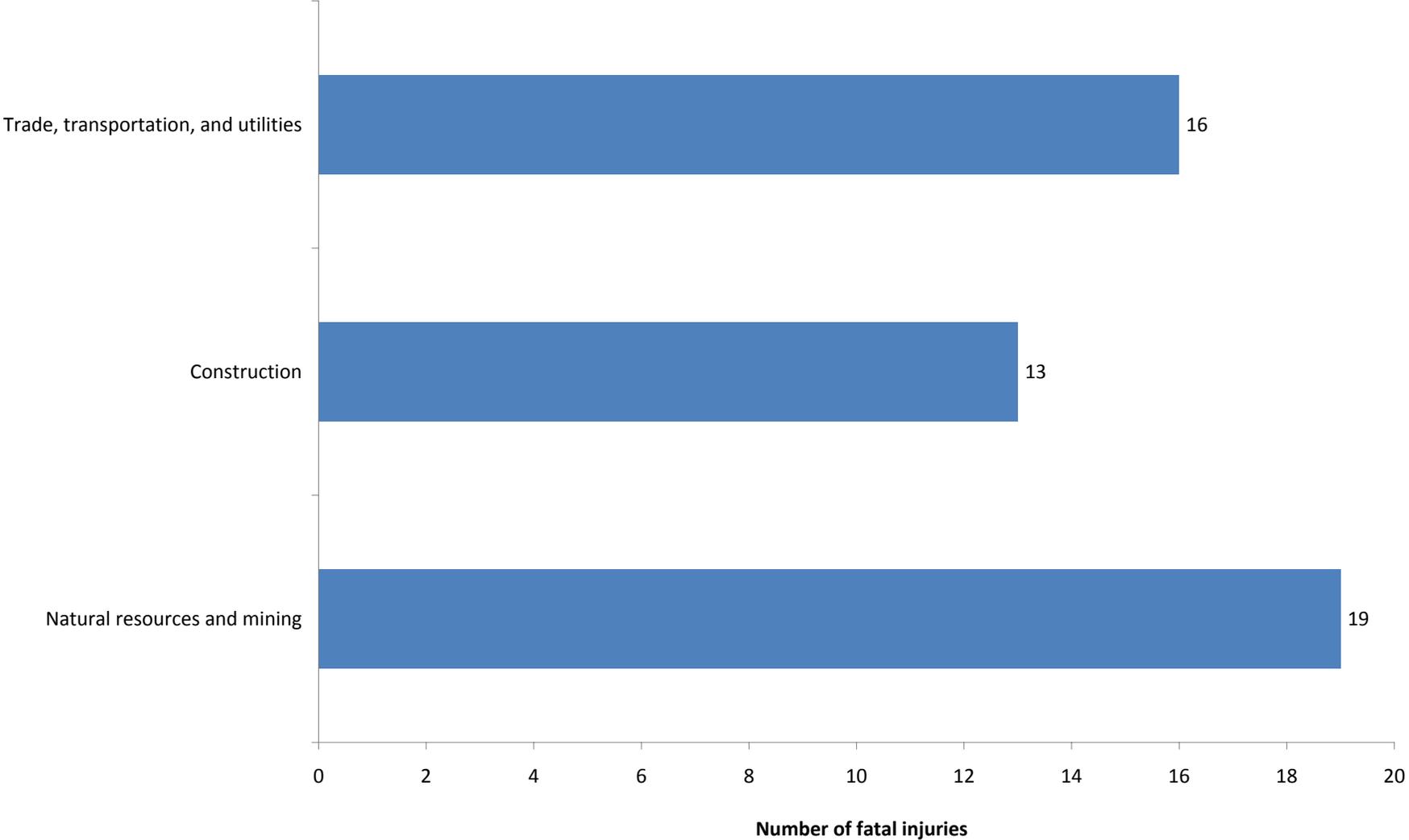
(57 total fatal injuries)



Fatal work injuries by location, Nebraska, 2009, all ownerships (57 total fatal injuries)



Fatal work injuries in selected industries, 2009, Nebraska, all ownerships (57 total fatal injuries)



Occupations with the largest number of worker fatal injuries, 2009, Nebraska, all ownerships (57 total fatal injuries)

