

Comparison of Nebraska With Other Midwest Region States

In 2012, of the 10 Midwest states reporting, Iowa registered the highest with a total case incidence rate for the private sector of 4.5 cases per 100 full-time employees. Illinois and Ohio recorded the lowest numbers with 3.2 cases.

Incidence rates by major industry division varied greatly between states. In manufacturing, the total case incidence rate ranged from 6.6 in Nebraska to 4.2 in Ohio. In the construction industry, the most hazardous of the major industry divisions, incidence rates ranged from 6.0 in Iowa to 3.1 in Indiana.

Data was not available for North Dakota and South Dakota.

Occupational Injuries and Illnesses Per 100 Full-Time Workers by Industry Division for Midwest Region States 2012

Industry Division	IL	IN	IA	KS	MI	MN	MO	NE	OH	WI
Private Sector	3.2	3.9	4.5	3.6	4.0	3.8	3.3	3.9	3.2	4.0
Agriculture, forestry, fishing & hunting	4.8	7.2	6.6	7.7	3.9	7.0	5.9	6.2	2.8	5.8
Mining	3.9	2.6	2.7	5.3	3.0	2.0	2.2	1.7	2.1	3.9
Construction	3.7	3.1	6.0	5.0	5.0	5.1	4.2	4.3	3.4	5.2
Manufacturing	4.5	5.3	6.2	4.9	5.8	4.7	4.5	6.6	4.2	5.5
Wholesale trade	3.5	4.0	4.3	3.3	4.0	4.3	*	4.2	2.8	3.8
Retail trade	3.6	3.6	4.2	4.2	3.9	4.5	3.7	3.6	3.5	3.8
Transportation & warehousing	5.4	4.5	4.4	4.5	4.9	5.1	4.5	4.2	4.8	5.1
Utilities	2.3	3.2	1.7	5.2	1.8	2.7	3.1	1.1	1.7	3.5
Information	1.4	1.6	2.0	1.2	1.7	1.6	0.8	1.7	1.0	1.4
Finance and Insurance	0.5	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.5	0.5	*	0.7	*	0.6
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	2.1	2.7	*	2.8	2.6	3.6	2.9	2.0	*	4.0
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	0.8	0.6	1.4	0.4	1.1	1.0	0.8	0.9	*	*
Admin, Support, Waste Mgmt and Remediation Services	2.6	2.5	4.6	*	3.8	3.9	2.0	2.6	*	3.7
Educational Services	1.9	1.8	2.0	2.4	1.4	2.6	3.7	2.3	1.3	2.0
Health Care and Social Assistance	4.5	5.3	6.3	4.5	5.8	5.3	4.9	5.1	4.5	5.0
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	3.1	5.2	5.4	2.2	4.3	4.4	4.6	2.4	*	3.9
Accommodation and Food Services	3.3	3.8	4.1	3.6	3.5	3.5	3.7	4.2	*	3.3
Other Services, except Public Administration	2.5	3.6	4.2	2.6	1.9	3.7	1.7	4.3	2.2	2.6

* No data available

Nebraska Compared With the United States

In 2012, recordable occupational injury and illness cases in Nebraska's private sector numbered 3.9 per 100 full-time employees compared with a U.S. rate of 3.4 cases.

Occupational Injuries and Illness by Industry Division State of Nebraska and the United States 2012		
Industry Division	Incidence Rates Total Cases	
	Nebraska	U.S.
Private Sector	3.9	3.4
Agriculture, forestry, fishing & hunting	6.2	5.5
Mining	1.7	2.1
Construction	4.3	3.7
Manufacturing	6.6	4.3
Wholesale trade	4.2	3.3
Retail trade	3.6	4.0
Transportation & warehousing	4.2	4.9
Utilities	1.1	2.8
Information	1.7	1.4
Finance and Insurance	0.7	0.7
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	2.0	2.9
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	0.9	0.9
Admin, Support, Waste Mgmt and Remediation Services	2.6	2.8
Educational Services	2.3	1.9
Health Care and Social Assistance	5.1	4.8
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	2.4	4.6
Accommodation and Food Services	4.2	3.8
Other Services, except Public Administration	4.3	2.5

Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses or lost workdays per 100 full-time employees per year.

Scope of the Survey and Technical Notes

Scope of the Survey

This survey covers employers in the following industries in the State of Nebraska:

Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing and Hunting	11
Mining	21
Utilities	22
Construction	23
Manufacturing	31-33
Wholesale Trade	42
Retail Trade	44-45
Transportation and Warehousing	48-49
Information	51
Finance and Insurance	52
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	53
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	54
Management of Companies and Enterprises	55
Administrative and Support and Waste Management and Remediation Services	56
Educational Services	61
Health Care and Social Assistance	62
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	71
Accommodation and Food Services	72
Other Services (except Public Administration)	81
Public Administration	92

Note on industry and occupation classifications: Beginning with the 2009 reference year, the Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses (SOII) began using the 2007 North American Industry Classification System (NAICS). During reference years 2003 through 2008, the SOII program used the 2002 NAICS for industries and the Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) system for occupations. Prior to 2003, the program used the Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) system and the Bureau of the Census occupational classification system. Because of the substantial differences between the current and previous systems, the results by industry and occupation in 2003 constituted a break in series, and users are advised against making comparisons between the 2003

industry and occupation categories and the results of previous years. All employees in these industries (e.g., part-time, full-time, casual, etc.) are covered in this survey. Excluded are self-employed individuals.

In addition, all agricultural production employers (NAICS 110000-115310) with 10 or fewer employees are excluded. The Federal Mine Safety and Health Administration provided data conforming to OSHA definitions for employers covered by the Federal Mine Safety and Health Act of 1977. The Federal Railroad Administration furnished data for any railroads.

The original survey sample consisted of 4,178 units. A portion of these were excluded because they were no longer in operation, were not within the scope of the survey, were included in the report for another location, received duplicate survey forms for the same location or the survey form was not mailable because of an inadequate address. When these exclusions were taken into account, the number of potential respondents was reduced to 3,720. Follow-up mailings and telephone calls to non-respondents resulted in 3,375 usable questionnaires, or a 91 percent response rate.

Survey Questionnaire

The survey questionnaire requested information concerning average employment during the calendar year 2012; total employee hours worked during 2012; the number of occupational injuries and illnesses by type (i.e., fatalities, lost workday cases, cases without lost workdays, and information on all lost workday cases). Under Federal grant arrangements, the respondent fills out a single reporting form which is used for developing both national and state estimates.

Occupational Safety and Health Definitions

Below is a link to the definitions of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses used in the annual survey. They are the same definition as those used by employers to keep logs of such incidents throughout the survey year.

<http://www.bls.gov/iif/oshdef.htm>

OSHA Injury and Illness Recordkeeping and Reporting Requirements

Under the OSHA Recordkeeping regulation ([29 CFR 1904](#)), *covered* employers are required to prepare and maintain records of serious occupational injuries and illnesses, using the OSHA 300 Log. This information is important for employers, workers, and OSHA in evaluating the safety of a workplace, understanding industry hazards, and implementing worker protections to reduce and eliminate hazards. OSHA is responsible for the administration and interpretation of issues related to recordkeeping and safety standards. Below is a link to the requirements.

<http://www.osha.gov/recordkeeping/index.html>

How to Compute a Firm's Incidence Rate for Safety Management

Incidence rates can be used to show the relative level of injuries and illnesses among different industries, firms, or operations within a single firm. Because a common base and a specific period of time are involved, these rates can help determine both problem areas and progress in preventing work-related injuries and illnesses. The Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) has developed instructions, which may be accessed at the link below, to provide a step-by-step approach for employers to evaluate their firm's injury and illness record.

<http://www.bls.gov/iif/osheval.htm>

Table 1. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by selected industries and case types, 2012

Nebraska

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	2012 Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			Other recordable cases
				Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	
All industries including State and local government⁶		--	4.1	1.9	1.1	0.8	2.2
Private industry⁶		--	3.9	1.9	1.1	0.8	2.0
Goods-producing⁶		--	5.9	3.3	1.5	1.8	2.6
Natural resources and mining^{6,7}		--	5.6	2.4	2.2	(¹⁰)	3.3
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting⁶	11	--	6.2	2.6	2.4	(¹⁰)	3.6
Animal production (scope changed in 2009) ⁶	112	--	9.2	3.4	3.2	--	5.7
Mining⁷	21	--	1.7	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)
Mining (except oil and gas) ³	212	--	1.8	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)
Construction		--	4.3	2.4	1.9	0.5	2.0
Construction	23	--	4.3	2.4	1.9	0.5	2.0
Heavy and civil engineering construction	237	--	4.6	2.6	1.8	0.8	2.0
Specialty trade contractors	238	--	4.0	2.0	1.6	0.3	2.0
Manufacturing		--	6.6	3.8	1.3	2.5	2.8
Manufacturing	31-33	--	6.6	3.8	1.3	2.5	2.8
Food manufacturing	311	--	9.1	6.1	1.3	4.8	3.0
Apparel manufacturing (scope changed in 2009)	315	--	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)
Wood product manufacturing	321	--	6.8	3.6	1.7	1.9	3.2
Paper manufacturing	322	--	6.8	4.7	2.2	2.5	2.0
Printing and related support activities	323	--	2.6	0.9	0.6	(¹⁰)	1.7
Chemical manufacturing	325	--	3.8	2.0	0.5	1.5	1.8

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 1. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by selected industries and case types, 2012 -- Continued

Nebraska

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	2012 Average annual employment (000's) ⁴	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			Other recordable cases
				Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	
Plastics and rubber products manufacturing (scope changed in 2009)	326	--	6.5	4.2	2.4	1.8	2.4
Nonmetallic mineral product manufacturing	327	--	7.2	4.2	2.9	1.3	3.0
Fabricated metal product manufacturing	332	--	5.1	2.3	1.0	1.3	2.8
Machinery manufacturing (scope changed in 2009)	333	--	6.2	2.9	1.7	1.3	3.3
Computer and electronic product manufacturing	334	--	3.6	1.3	1.0	(¹⁰)	2.3
Transportation equipment manufacturing (scope changed in 2009)	336	--	4.8	1.8	1.1	0.7	2.9
Furniture and related product manufacturing (scope changed in 2009)	337	--	7.1	4.6	2.2	2.4	2.4
Miscellaneous manufacturing	339	--	1.9	0.8	0.4	0.4	1.2
Service-providing		--	3.3	1.5	1.0	0.6	1.8
Trade, transportation, and utilities⁹		--	3.9	2.0	1.2	0.8	1.9
Wholesale trade	42	--	4.2	1.6	1.1	0.5	2.6
Merchant wholesalers, durable goods	423	--	4.4	1.4	0.9	0.5	3.0
Merchant wholesalers, nondurable goods	424	--	4.3	2.0	1.4	0.6	2.3
Retail trade	44-45	--	3.6	1.9	1.1	0.9	1.7
Motor vehicle and parts dealers	441	--	3.7	1.8	1.5	0.3	2.0
Furniture and home furnishings stores	442	--	5.2	4.5	1.0	--	0.7
Building material and garden equipment and supplies dealers	444	--	5.2	2.2	1.6	0.6	3.0
Food and beverage stores	445	--	3.4	1.6	1.0	0.6	1.8
Gasoline stations	447	--	2.4	0.8	0.7	(¹⁰)	1.7
Clothing and clothing accessories stores	448	--	1.7	1.3	--	--	--
Sporting goods, hobby, book, and music stores	451	--	1.7	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	1.2
General merchandise stores	452	--	5.7	3.5	1.1	2.4	2.2
Miscellaneous store retailers	453	--	1.2	0.4	--	--	0.8
Nonstore retailers	454	--	1.0	0.5	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	0.5
Transportation and warehousing⁹	48-49	--	4.2	2.5	1.6	0.9	1.7
Rail transportation ⁹	482	--	0.9	0.6	0.5	(¹⁰)	0.3
Truck transportation	484	--	4.5	2.6	2.0	0.6	1.9
Transit and ground passenger transportation	485	--	6.3	1.9	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	4.4

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 1. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by selected industries and case types, 2012 -- Continued

Nebraska

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	2012 Average annual employment (000's) ⁴	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			Other recordable cases
				Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	
Couriers and messengers	492	--	8.4	5.4	2.7	2.8	3.0
Warehousing and storage	493	--	7.5	6.0	1.3	4.6	1.6
Utilities	22	--	1.1	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)
Information		--	1.7	0.8	0.5	0.3	0.9
Information	51	--	1.7	0.8	0.5	0.3	0.9
Publishing industries (except Internet)	511	--	1.7	1.1	--	(¹⁰)	0.6
Telecommunications (scope changed in 2009)	517	--	2.2	0.8	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	1.4
Financial activities		--	0.9	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.6
Finance and insurance	52	--	0.7	0.2	0.2	(¹⁰)	0.5
Real estate and rental and leasing	53	--	2.0	0.5	(¹⁰)	0.4	1.5
Real estate (scope changed in 2009)	531	--	2.4	0.7	(¹⁰)	0.5	1.7
Rental and leasing services	532	--	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)
Lessors of nonfinancial intangible assets (except copyrighted works)	533	--	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)
Professional and business services		--	1.5	0.8	0.5	0.3	0.7
Professional, scientific, and technical services	54	--	0.9	0.4	0.3	--	0.5
Professional, scientific, and technical services (scope changed in 2009)	541	--	0.9	0.4	0.3	--	0.5
Management of companies and enterprises	55	--	1.6	0.8	0.5	0.3	0.7
Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services	56	--	2.6	1.4	0.8	--	1.2
Administrative and support services (scope changed in 2009)	561	--	2.3	1.1	0.6	--	1.2
Waste management and remediation services	562	--	5.6	3.9	2.6	1.3	1.7
Education and health services		--	4.9	2.2	1.3	0.9	2.7

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 1. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by selected industries and case types, 2012 -- Continued

Nebraska

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	2012 Average annual employment (000's) ⁴	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			Other recordable cases
				Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	
Educational services	61	--	2.3	0.9	0.5	0.3	1.5
Health care and social assistance	62	--	5.1	2.3	1.4	0.9	2.8
Ambulatory health care services	621	--	2.0	0.8	0.7	0.1	1.2
Hospitals	622	--	7.0	2.4	1.3	1.1	4.6
Nursing and residential care facilities	623	--	6.9	4.0	2.3	1.7	3.0
Social assistance	624	--	3.8	2.1	1.4	--	1.7
Leisure and hospitality		--	4.0	1.2	0.9	0.3	2.8
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	71	--	2.4	0.7	0.6	(¹⁰)	1.8
Museums, historical sites, and similar institutions	712	--	2.5	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	2.2
Amusement, gambling, and recreation industries	713	--	2.3	0.9	0.8	(¹⁰)	1.5
Accommodation and food services	72	--	4.2	1.3	0.9	0.3	3.0
Accommodation	721	--	3.7	1.2	0.7	0.5	--
Food services and drinking places	722	--	4.3	1.3	1.0	0.3	3.0
Other services		--	4.3	1.9	1.6	0.3	2.4
Other services, except public administration	81	--	4.3	1.9	1.6	0.3	2.4
Repair and maintenance	811	--	6.4	3.0	2.6	0.4	3.4
Personal and laundry services	812	--	1.3	0.9	0.5	0.3	0.4
Religious, grantmaking, civic, professional, and similar organizations	813	--	3.2	0.6	0.5	(¹⁰)	2.5
State and local government		--	--	--	--	--	--
State government		--	--	--	--	--	--
Service-providing		--	--	--	--	--	--

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 1. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by selected industries and case types, 2012 -- Continued

Nebraska

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	2012 Average annual employment (000's) ⁴	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			Other recordable cases
				Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	
Education and health services		--	--	--	--	--	--
Educational services	61	--	3.8	0.9	0.3	0.6	2.9
Educational services	611	--	3.8	0.9	0.3	0.6	2.9
Public administration		--	--	--	--	--	--
Public administration	92	--	--	--	--	--	--
Local government		--	5.2	1.5	1.2	0.3	3.7
Goods-producing⁶		--	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)
Construction		--	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)
Construction	23	--	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)
Heavy and civil engineering construction	237	--	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)
Service-providing		--	5.2	1.5	1.2	0.3	3.7
Trade, transportation, and utilities⁹		--	3.0	1.9	0.8	1.1	1.1
Utilities	22	--	--	--	--	--	--
Education and health services		--	4.5	0.9	0.8	0.1	3.7
Educational services	61	--	3.9	0.8	0.8	0.1	3.1
Educational services	611	--	3.9	0.8	0.8	0.1	3.1
Health care and social assistance	62	--	7.5	1.1	0.8	0.3	6.4

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 1. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by selected industries and case types, 2012 -- Continued

Nebraska

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	2012 Average annual employment (000's) ⁴	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			Other recordable cases
				Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	
Hospitals	622	--	5.7	0.9	0.8	--	4.8
Nursing and residential care facilities	623	--	4.4	2.5	1.6	0.9	1.9
Public administration		--	7.4	2.7	2.3	0.4	4.8
Public administration	92	--	7.4	2.7	2.3	0.4	4.8

¹ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 100 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 200,000 where

N = number of injuries and illnesses
 EH = total hours worked by all employees during the calendar year
 200,000 = base for 100 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

² Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

³ *North American Industry Classification System 2007 Edition*

⁴ Employment is expressed as an annual average and is derived primarily from the BLS-State Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages. Employment data are not available from 2012 onward.

⁵ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

⁶ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

⁷ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the *North American Industry Classification System -- United States, 2007*) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and

Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁸ Data for mining operators in this industry are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁹ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

¹⁰ Data too small to be displayed.

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals. Dash indicates data do not meet publication guidelines.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses, in cooperation with participating State agencies.

Table 2. Numbers of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by selected industries and case types, 2012

Nebraska

(In thousands)

Industry ¹	NAICS code ²	2012 Average annual employment ³	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			Other recordable cases
				Total	Cases with days away from work ⁴	Cases with job transfer or restriction	
All industries including State and local government⁵		--	29.8	13.7	8.1	5.6	16.1
Private industry⁵		--	24.3	12.0	6.8	5.2	12.2
Goods-producing⁵		--	8.5	4.8	2.2	2.6	3.7
Natural resources and mining^{5,6}		--	0.5	0.2	0.2	(⁹)	0.3
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting⁵	11	--	0.5	0.2	0.2	(⁹)	0.3
Animal production (scope changed in 2009) ⁵	112	--	0.4	0.2	0.1	--	0.3
Mining⁶	21	--	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Mining (except oil and gas) ⁷	212	--	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Construction		--	1.7	0.9	0.7	0.2	0.8
Construction	23	--	1.7	0.9	0.7	0.2	0.8
Heavy and civil engineering construction	237	--	0.3	0.2	0.1	(⁹)	0.1
Specialty trade contractors	238	--	1.0	0.5	0.4	0.1	0.5
Manufacturing		--	6.3	3.6	1.3	2.4	2.7
Manufacturing	31-33	--	6.3	3.6	1.3	2.4	2.7
Food manufacturing	311	--	3.1	2.1	0.4	1.6	1.0
Apparel manufacturing (scope changed in 2009)	315	--	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Wood product manufacturing	321	--	0.1	0.1	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Paper manufacturing	322	--	0.1	0.1	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Printing and related support activities	323	--	0.1	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	0.1
Chemical manufacturing	325	--	0.2	0.1	(⁹)	0.1	0.1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 2. Numbers of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by selected industries and case types, 2012 -- Continued

Nebraska

(In thousands)

Industry ¹	NAICS code ²	2012 Average annual employment ³	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			Other recordable cases
				Total	Cases with days away from work ⁴	Cases with job transfer or restriction	
Plastics and rubber products manufacturing (scope changed in 2009)	326	--	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1
Nonmetallic mineral product manufacturing	327	--	0.2	0.1	0.1	(⁹)	0.1
Fabricated metal product manufacturing	332	--	0.4	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.2
Machinery manufacturing (scope changed in 2009)	333	--	0.6	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.3
Computer and electronic product manufacturing	334	--	0.2	0.1	(⁹)	(⁹)	0.1
Transportation equipment manufacturing (scope changed in 2009)	336	--	0.4	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.2
Furniture and related product manufacturing (scope changed in 2009)	337	--	0.1	0.1	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Miscellaneous manufacturing	339	--	0.1	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	0.1
Service-providing		--	15.8	7.3	4.6	2.7	8.5
Trade, transportation, and utilities⁸		--	6.7	3.5	2.1	1.4	3.3
Wholesale trade	42	--	1.7	0.6	0.4	0.2	1.0
Merchant wholesalers, durable goods	423	--	0.9	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.6
Merchant wholesalers, nondurable goods	424	--	0.7	0.4	0.2	0.1	0.4
Retail trade	44-45	--	2.8	1.5	0.8	0.7	1.3
Motor vehicle and parts dealers	441	--	0.5	0.2	0.2	(⁹)	0.2
Furniture and home furnishings stores	442	--	0.1	0.1	(⁹)	--	(⁹)
Building material and garden equipment and supplies dealers	444	--	0.5	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.3
Food and beverage stores	445	--	0.4	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.2
Gasoline stations	447	--	0.2	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	0.1
Clothing and clothing accessories stores	448	--	0.1	(⁹)	--	--	--
Sporting goods, hobby, book, and music stores	451	--	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
General merchandise stores	452	--	0.9	0.5	0.2	0.4	0.3
Miscellaneous store retailers	453	--	0.1	(⁹)	--	--	(⁹)
Nonstore retailers	454	--	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Transportation and warehousing⁸	48-49	--	2.2	1.3	0.9	0.5	0.9
Rail transportation ⁸	482	--	0.1	0.1	0.1	(⁹)	(⁹)
Truck transportation	484	--	1.3	0.8	0.6	0.2	0.6
Transit and ground passenger transportation	485	--	0.1	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 2. Numbers of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by selected industries and case types, 2012 -- Continued

Nebraska

(In thousands)

Industry ¹	NAICS code ²	2012 Average annual employment ³	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			Other recordable cases
				Total	Cases with days away from work ⁴	Cases with job transfer or restriction	
Couriers and messengers	492	--	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Warehousing and storage	493	--	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1
Utilities	22	--	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Information	--	--	0.2	0.1	0.1	(⁹)	0.1
Information	51	--	0.2	0.1	0.1	(⁹)	0.1
Publishing industries (except Internet)	511	--	0.1	(⁹)	--	(⁹)	(⁹)
Telecommunications (scope changed in 2009)	517	--	0.1	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Financial activities	--	--	0.5	0.1	0.1	(⁹)	0.4
Finance and insurance	52	--	0.3	0.1	0.1	(⁹)	0.2
Real estate and rental and leasing	53	--	0.2	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	0.1
Real estate (scope changed in 2009)	531	--	0.1	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	0.1
Rental and leasing services	532	--	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Lessors of nonfinancial intangible assets (except copyrighted works)	533	--	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Professional and business services	--	--	1.3	0.7	0.4	0.3	0.6
Professional, scientific, and technical services	54	--	0.4	0.2	0.1	--	0.2
Professional, scientific, and technical services (scope changed in 2009)	541	--	0.4	0.2	0.1	--	0.2
Management of companies and enterprises	55	--	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services	56	--	0.7	0.4	0.2	--	0.3
Administrative and support services (scope changed in 2009)	561	--	0.6	0.3	0.2	--	0.3
Waste management and remediation services	562	--	0.1	0.1	0.1	(⁹)	(⁹)
Education and health services	--	--	4.3	1.9	1.2	0.8	2.4

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 2. Numbers of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by selected industries and case types, 2012 -- Continued

Nebraska

(In thousands)

Industry ¹	NAICS code ²	2012 Average annual employment ³	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			Other recordable cases
				Total	Cases with days away from work ⁴	Cases with job transfer or restriction	
Educational services	61	--	0.2	0.1	(⁹)	(⁹)	0.1
Health care and social assistance	62	--	4.2	1.9	1.1	0.7	2.3
Ambulatory health care services	621	--	0.5	0.2	0.2	(⁹)	0.3
Hospitals	622	--	1.8	0.6	0.3	0.3	1.2
Nursing and residential care facilities	623	--	1.4	0.8	0.5	0.3	0.6
Social assistance	624	--	0.4	0.2	0.2	--	0.2
Leisure and hospitality		--	1.9	0.5	0.4	0.1	1.3
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	71	--	0.1	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	0.1
Museums, historical sites, and similar institutions	712	--	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Amusement, gambling, and recreation industries	713	--	0.1	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	0.1
Accommodation and food services	72	--	1.7	0.5	0.4	0.1	1.2
Accommodation	721	--	0.2	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	--
Food services and drinking places	722	--	1.6	0.5	0.4	0.1	1.1
Other services		--	0.8	0.4	0.3	0.1	0.5
Other services, except public administration	81	--	0.8	0.4	0.3	0.1	0.5
Repair and maintenance	811	--	0.6	0.3	0.3	(⁹)	0.3
Personal and laundry services	812	--	0.1	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Religious, grantmaking, civic, professional, and similar organizations	813	--	0.1	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	0.1
State and local government		--	--	--	--	--	--
State government		--	--	--	--	--	--
Service-providing		--	--	--	--	--	--

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 2. Numbers of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by selected industries and case types, 2012 -- Continued

Nebraska

(In thousands)

Industry ¹	NAICS code ²	2012 Average annual employment ³	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			Other recordable cases
				Total	Cases with days away from work ⁴	Cases with job transfer or restriction	
Education and health services		--	--	--	--	--	--
Educational services	61	--	0.5	0.1	(⁹)	0.1	0.4
Educational services	611	--	0.5	0.1	(⁹)	0.1	0.4
Public administration		--	--	--	--	--	--
Public administration	92	--	--	--	--	--	--
Local government		--	4.2	1.2	1.0	0.2	3.0
Goods-producing⁵		--	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Construction		--	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Construction	23	--	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Heavy and civil engineering construction	237	--	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Service-providing		--	4.2	1.2	1.0	0.2	3.0
Trade, transportation, and utilities⁸		--	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Utilities	22	--	--	--	--	--	--
Education and health services		--	2.3	0.4	0.4	0.1	1.9
Educational services	61	--	1.6	0.3	0.3	(⁹)	1.3
Educational services	611	--	1.6	0.3	0.3	(⁹)	1.3
Health care and social assistance	62	--	0.7	0.1	0.1	(⁹)	0.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 2. Numbers of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by selected industries and case types, 2012 -- Continued

Nebraska

(In thousands)

Industry ¹	NAICS code ²	2012 Average annual employment ³	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			Other recordable cases
				Total	Cases with days away from work ⁴	Cases with job transfer or restriction	
Hospitals	622	--	0.2	(⁹)	(⁹)	--	0.2
Nursing and residential care facilities	623	--	0.1	0.1	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Public administration		--	1.7	0.6	0.5	0.1	1.1
Public administration	92	--	1.7	0.6	0.5	0.1	1.1

¹ Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

² *North American Industry Classification System -- United States, 2007 Edition*

³ Employment is expressed as an annual average and is derived primarily from the BLS-State Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages. Employment data are not available from 2012 onward.

⁴ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

⁵ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

⁶ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the *North American Industry Classification System -- United States, 2007*) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁷ Data for mining operators in this industry are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁸ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

⁹ Data too small to be displayed.

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals. Dash indicates data do not meet publication guidelines.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses, in cooperation with participating State agencies.

Table 3. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry sector and employment size, 2012

Nebraska						
Industry sector ²	All establishments	Establishment employment size (workers)				
		1 to 10	11 to 49	50 to 249	250 to 999	1,000 or more
All industries including State and local government	4.1	1.7	3.9	4.7	3.8	5.3
Private industry ³	3.9	1.7	3.8	4.6	3.5	5.6
Goods-producing ^{3,4}	5.9	--	6.4	5.9	4.3	9.7
Natural resources and mining ^{3,4}	5.6	(⁶)	7.5	--	--	--
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting ³	6.2	(⁶)	7.7	--	--	--
Mining ⁴	1.7	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	--	--
Construction	4.3	--	5.5	4.6	1.4	--
Manufacturing	6.6	1.1	7.2	6.7	4.5	9.7
Service-providing	3.3	1.6	3.2	4.2	3.1	4.0
Trade, transportation, and utilities ⁵	3.9	1.8	3.8	5.2	4.9	--
Wholesale trade	4.2	--	4.6	5.0	5.3	--
Retail trade	3.6	--	3.0	4.6	4.5	--
Transportation and warehousing ⁵	4.2	(⁶)	4.5	7.6	6.3	--
Utilities	1.1	(⁶)	--	(⁶)	--	--
Information	1.7	(⁶)	--	2.2	1.7	--
Financial activities	0.9	(⁶)	--	1.3	0.8	0.9
Finance and insurance	0.7	(⁶)	--	0.8	0.8	0.9
Real estate and rental and leasing	2.0	(⁶)	--	3.8	(⁶)	--
Professional and business services	1.5	--	2.0	1.6	1.4	--
Professional, scientific, and technical services	0.9	--	1.5	0.9	0.8	--
Management of companies and enterprises	1.6	--	--	1.1	2.0	--
Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services	2.6	--	--	2.8	1.8	--
Education and health services	4.9	--	3.0	5.8	6.4	5.9
Educational services	2.3	(⁶)	4.3	(⁶)	3.3	--
Health care and social assistance	5.1	--	3.0	6.1	7.0	6.5
Leisure and hospitality	4.0	--	4.0	5.0	(⁶)	--
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	2.4	(⁶)	--	3.2	--	--
Accommodation and food services	4.2	--	4.2	5.3	--	--
Other services	4.3	--	2.4	6.2	--	--
Other services, except public administration	4.3	--	2.4	6.2	--	--
State and local government	--	--	--	--	--	--
State government	--	--	--	--	--	--
Local government	5.2	--	5.4	4.5	6.8	--

¹ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 100 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 200,000 where

N = number of injuries and illnesses
 EH = total hours worked by all employees during the calendar year
 200,000 = base for 100 equivalent full-time workers
 (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

² North American Industry Classification System Manual, 2007 Edition

³ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

⁴ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System Manual, 2007 edition) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded

from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes OSHA made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁵ Data for employers in railroad transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

⁶ Data too small to be displayed.

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals. Dash indicates data do not meet publication guidelines.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses, in cooperation with participating State agencies.

Table 4. Incidence rates¹ and numbers of nonfatal occupational injuries by selected industries, 2012

Nebraska

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	2012 Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Incidence rates ¹	Numbers (000's)
All industries including State and local government⁵		--	3.7	27.2
Private industry⁵		--	3.5	22.1
Goods-producing⁵		--	4.8	7.0
Natural resources and mining^{5,6}		--	5.6	0.5
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting⁵	11	--	6.2	0.5
Animal production (scope changed in 2009) ⁵	112	--	9.2	0.4
Mining⁶	21	--	1.7	(⁹)
Mining (except oil and gas) ⁷	212	--	1.8	(⁹)
Construction		--	4.2	1.6
Construction	23	--	4.2	1.6
Heavy and civil engineering construction	237	--	4.5	0.3
Specialty trade contractors	238	--	3.9	1.0
Manufacturing		--	5.0	4.8
Manufacturing	31-33	--	5.0	4.8
Food manufacturing	311	--	5.3	1.8
Apparel manufacturing (scope changed in 2009)	315	--	(⁹)	(⁹)
Wood product manufacturing	321	--	6.6	0.1
Paper manufacturing	322	--	6.6	0.1
Printing and related support activities	323	--	2.5	0.1
Chemical manufacturing	325	--	3.6	0.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 4. Incidence rates¹ and numbers of nonfatal occupational injuries by selected industries, 2012 -- Continued

Nebraska

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	2012 Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Incidence rates ¹	Numbers (000's)
Plastics and rubber products manufacturing (scope changed in 2009)	326	--	5.8	0.3
Nonmetallic mineral product manufacturing	327	--	7.2	0.2
Fabricated metal product manufacturing	332	--	5.0	0.4
Machinery manufacturing (scope changed in 2009)	333	--	5.9	0.6
Computer and electronic product manufacturing	334	--	2.8	0.1
Transportation equipment manufacturing (scope changed in 2009)	336	--	4.4	0.4
Furniture and related product manufacturing (scope changed in 2009)	337	--	6.5	0.1
Miscellaneous manufacturing	339	--	1.8	0.1
Service-providing		--	3.1	15.1
Trade, transportation, and utilities⁸		--	3.8	6.5
Wholesale trade	42	--	4.0	1.6
Merchant wholesalers, durable goods	423	--	4.1	0.8
Merchant wholesalers, nondurable goods	424	--	4.3	0.7
Retail trade	44-45	--	3.5	2.8
Motor vehicle and parts dealers	441	--	3.7	0.5
Furniture and home furnishings stores	442	--	5.2	0.1
Building material and garden equipment and supplies dealers	444	--	5.2	0.5
Food and beverage stores	445	--	3.4	0.4
Gasoline stations	447	--	2.4	0.2
Clothing and clothing accessories stores	448	--	1.7	0.1
Sporting goods, hobby, book, and music stores	451	--	1.7	(⁹)
General merchandise stores	452	--	5.5	0.8
Miscellaneous store retailers	453	--	1.2	0.1
Nonstore retailers	454	--	0.9	(⁹)
Transportation and warehousing⁸	48-49	--	3.9	2.1
Rail transportation ⁸	482	--	0.9	0.1
Truck transportation	484	--	4.2	1.2
Transit and ground passenger transportation	485	--	6.3	0.1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 4. Incidence rates¹ and numbers of nonfatal occupational injuries by selected industries, 2012 -- Continued

Nebraska

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	2012 Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Incidence rates ¹	Numbers (000's)
Couriers and messengers	492	--	7.6	0.2
Warehousing and storage	493	--	6.9	0.3
Utilities	22	--	1.1	(⁹)
Information		--	1.7	0.2
Information	51	--	1.7	0.2
Publishing industries (except Internet)	511	--	1.7	0.1
Telecommunications (scope changed in 2009)	517	--	2.2	0.1
Financial activities		--	0.8	0.5
Finance and insurance	52	--	0.6	0.3
Real estate and rental and leasing	53	--	2.0	0.2
Real estate (scope changed in 2009)	531	--	2.4	0.1
Rental and leasing services	532	--	(⁹)	(⁹)
Lessors of nonfinancial intangible assets (except copyrighted works)	533	--	(⁹)	(⁹)
Professional and business services		--	1.4	1.2
Professional, scientific, and technical services	54	--	0.8	0.3
Professional, scientific, and technical services (scope changed in 2009)	541	--	0.8	0.3
Management of companies and enterprises	55	--	1.4	0.2
Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services	56	--	2.4	0.6
Administrative and support services (scope changed in 2009)	561	--	2.1	0.5
Waste management and remediation services	562	--	5.4	0.1
Education and health services		--	4.7	4.1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 4. Incidence rates¹ and numbers of nonfatal occupational injuries by selected industries, 2012 -- Continued

Nebraska

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	2012 Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Incidence rates ¹	Numbers (000's)
Educational services	61	--	2.3	0.1
Health care and social assistance	62	--	4.9	4.0
Ambulatory health care services	621	--	1.9	0.5
Hospitals	622	--	6.7	1.7
Nursing and residential care facilities	623	--	6.7	1.4
Social assistance	624	--	3.7	0.4
Leisure and hospitality		--	3.9	1.8
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	71	--	2.4	0.1
Museums, historical sites, and similar institutions	712	--	2.4	(⁹)
Amusement, gambling, and recreation industries	713	--	2.3	0.1
Accommodation and food services	72	--	4.1	1.7
Accommodation	721	--	--	--
Food services and drinking places	722	--	4.2	1.5
Other services		--	3.9	0.8
Other services, except public administration	81	--	3.9	0.8
Repair and maintenance	811	--	5.7	0.6
Personal and laundry services	812	--	1.1	0.1
Religious, grantmaking, civic, professional, and similar organizations	813	--	3.1	0.1
State and local government		--	--	--
State government		--	--	--
Service-providing		--	--	--

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 4. Incidence rates¹ and numbers of nonfatal occupational injuries by selected industries, 2012 -- Continued

Nebraska

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	2012 Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Incidence rates ¹	Numbers (000's)
Education and health services		--	--	--
Educational services	61	--	3.8	0.5
Educational services	611	--	3.8	0.5
Public administration		--	--	--
Public administration	92	--	--	--
Local government		--	4.8	3.9
Goods-producing⁵		--	(⁹)	(⁹)
Construction		--	(⁹)	(⁹)
Construction	23	--	(⁹)	(⁹)
Heavy and civil engineering construction	237	--	(⁹)	(⁹)
Service-providing		--	4.8	3.9
Trade, transportation, and utilities⁸		--	2.8	0.2
Utilities	22	--	--	--
Education and health services		--	4.2	2.1
Educational services	61	--	3.6	1.5
Educational services	611	--	3.6	1.5
Health care and social assistance	62	--	7.3	0.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 4. Incidence rates¹ and numbers of nonfatal occupational injuries by selected industries, 2012 -- Continued

Nebraska

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	2012 Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Incidence rates ¹	Numbers (000's)
Hospitals	622	--	5.3	0.2
Nursing and residential care facilities	623	--	4.4	0.1
Public administration		--	6.7	1.5
Public administration	92	--	6.7	1.5

¹ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries per 100 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 200,000 where

N = number of injuries
 EH = total hours worked by all employees during the calendar year
 200,000 = base for 100 equivalent full-time workers
 (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

² Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

³ *North American Industry Classification System* 2007 Edition

⁴ Employment is expressed as an annual average and is derived primarily from the BLS-State Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages. Employment data are not available from 2012 onward.

⁵ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

⁶ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the *North American Industry Classification System* -- United States, 2007) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S.

Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁷ Data for mining operators in this industry are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁸ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

⁹ Data too small to be displayed.

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals. Dash indicates data do not meet publication guidelines.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses, in cooperation with participating State agencies.

Table 5. Incidence rates¹ and numbers of nonfatal occupational illnesses by industry sector and category of illness, 2012

Nebraska

Industry sector ²	Total cases	Skin disorders	Respiratory conditions	Poisonings	Hearing loss	All other illnesses	Total cases	Skin disorders	Respiratory conditions	Poisonings	Hearing loss	All other illnesses
	Incidence rates per 10,000 full-time workers ¹						Numbers of illnesses in thousands					
All industries including State and local government	34.9	3.3	2.9	--	4.4	23.2	2.6	0.2	0.2	--	0.3	1.7
Private industry³	35.6	2.7	2.3	--	5.2	24.3	2.2	0.2	0.1	--	0.3	1.5
Goods-producing³	106.7	5.2	4.5	(⁶)	21.9	75.1	1.5	0.1	0.1	(⁶)	0.3	1.1
Natural resources and mining^{3,4}	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting³	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)
Mining⁴	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)
Construction	13.6	--	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	8.0	0.1	--	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)
Manufacturing	155.5	6.5	5.8	(⁶)	33.1	110.1	1.5	0.1	0.1	(⁶)	0.3	1.0
Service-providing	14.3	2.0	--	--	(⁶)	9.0	0.7	0.1	--	--	(⁶)	0.4
Trade, transportation, and utilities⁵	14.4	(⁶)	--	--	(⁶)	9.9	0.2	(⁶)	--	--	(⁶)	0.2
Wholesale trade	--	(⁶)	--	(⁶)	(⁶)	--	--	(⁶)	--	(⁶)	(⁶)	--
Retail trade	4.6	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	4.6	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)
Transportation and warehousing⁵	27.8	(⁶)	(⁶)	--	(⁶)	22.3	0.1	(⁶)	(⁶)	--	(⁶)	0.1
Utilities	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)
Information	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)
Financial activities	9.3	(⁶)	--	(⁶)	(⁶)	8.2	0.1	(⁶)	--	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)
Finance and insurance	10.4	--	--	(⁶)	(⁶)	9.5	0.1	--	--	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)
Real estate and rental and leasing	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)
Professional and business services	10.1	3.6	--	(⁶)	(⁶)	5.9	0.1	(⁶)	--	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)
Professional, scientific, and technical services	(⁶)	--	--	(⁶)	(⁶)	--	(⁶)	--	--	(⁶)	(⁶)	--
Management of companies and enterprises	14.9	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	12.0	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)
Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services	17.7	--	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	9.5	(⁶)	--	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)
Education and health services	20.1	3.2	2.0	(⁶)	(⁶)	14.8	0.2	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	0.1
Educational services	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)
Health care and social assistance	21.1	3.3	2.1	(⁶)	(⁶)	15.5	0.2	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	0.1
Leisure and hospitality	9.5	3.3	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	6.2	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)
Accommodation and food services	10.3	3.8	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	6.5	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)
Other services	--	--	(⁶)	--	(⁶)	(⁶)	--	--	(⁶)	--	(⁶)	(⁶)
Other services, except public administration	--	--	(⁶)	--	(⁶)	(⁶)	--	--	(⁶)	--	(⁶)	(⁶)
State and local government	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
State government	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Local government	39.1	9.1	6.8	(⁶)	(⁶)	23.1	0.3	0.1	0.1	(⁶)	(⁶)	0.2

¹ Incidence rates represent the number of illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were calculated as:

(N/EH) x 20,000,000 where:

N = number of illnesses

EH = total hours worked by all employees during the calendar year

20,000,000 = base for 10,000 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

² North American Industry Classification System Manual, 2007 Edition

³ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

⁴ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System Manual, 2007 edition) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes

OSHA made its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁵ Data for employers in railroad transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

⁶ Data too small to be displayed.

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals. Dash indicates data do not meet publication guidelines.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses, in cooperation with participating State agencies.

Table 6. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2012

Nebraska

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	2012 Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			Other recordable cases
				Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	
All industries including State and local government⁶		--	4.1	1.9	1.1	0.8	2.2
Private industry⁶		--	3.9	1.9	1.1	0.8	2.0
Goods-producing⁶		--	5.9	3.3	1.5	1.8	2.6
Natural resources and mining^{6,7}		--	5.6	2.4	2.2	(¹⁰)	3.3
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting⁶	11	--	6.2	2.6	2.4	(¹⁰)	3.6
Animal production (scope changed in 2009) ⁶	112	--	9.2	3.4	3.2	--	5.7
Mining⁷	21	--	1.7	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)
Mining (except oil and gas) ³	212	--	1.8	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)
Nonmetallic mineral mining and quarrying ⁸	2123	--	1.8	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)
Construction		--	4.3	2.4	1.9	0.5	2.0
Construction	23	--	4.3	2.4	1.9	0.5	2.0
Nonresidential building construction	2362	--	3.9	2.0	1.4	0.6	1.8
Heavy and civil engineering construction	237	--	4.6	2.6	1.8	0.8	2.0
Highway, street, and bridge construction	2373	--	3.8	2.2	1.4	0.8	1.6
Specialty trade contractors	238	--	4.0	2.0	1.6	0.3	2.0
Foundation, structure, and building exterior contractors	2381	--	2.9	1.9	1.3	0.7	1.0
Building equipment contractors	2382	--	4.3	1.4	1.0	0.4	2.8
Plumbing, heating, and air-conditioning contractors	23822	--	4.4	1.4	0.8	0.5	3.1
Building finishing contractors	2383	--	6.2	4.4	4.3	(¹⁰)	1.8
Other specialty trade contractors	2389	--	2.4	1.4	1.4	--	--
Manufacturing		--	6.6	3.8	1.3	2.5	2.8

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2012 -- Continued

Nebraska

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	2012 Average annual employment (000's) ⁴	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			Other recordable cases
				Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	
Manufacturing	31-33	--	6.6	3.8	1.3	2.5	2.8
Food manufacturing	311	--	9.1	6.1	1.3	4.8	3.0
Animal food manufacturing	3111	--	7.7	5.2	--	2.0	2.5
Grain and oilseed milling	3112	--	3.6	2.1	(¹⁰)	1.2	1.6
Animal slaughtering and processing	3116	--	10.5	7.1	1.2	6.0	3.4
Animal slaughtering and processing	31161	--	10.5	7.1	1.2	6.0	3.4
Apparel manufacturing (scope changed in 2009)	315	--	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)
Wood product manufacturing	321	--	6.8	3.6	1.7	1.9	3.2
Paper manufacturing	322	--	6.8	4.7	2.2	2.5	2.0
Printing and related support activities	323	--	2.6	0.9	0.6	(¹⁰)	1.7
Chemical manufacturing	325	--	3.8	2.0	0.5	1.5	1.8
Plastics and rubber products manufacturing (scope changed in 2009)	326	--	6.5	4.2	2.4	1.8	2.4
Plastics product manufacturing (scope changed in 2009)	3261	--	8.4	5.0	3.2	1.8	3.5
Rubber product manufacturing (scope changed in 2009)	3262	--	3.8	3.0	1.2	1.8	0.8
Nonmetallic mineral product manufacturing	327	--	7.2	4.2	2.9	1.3	3.0
Fabricated metal product manufacturing	332	--	5.1	2.3	1.0	1.3	2.8
Architectural and structural metals manufacturing	3323	--	5.2	2.6	0.8	1.7	2.7
Boiler, tank, and shipping container manufacturing	3324	--	7.0	6.0	5.3	--	(¹⁰)
Machinery manufacturing (scope changed in 2009)	333	--	6.2	2.9	1.7	1.3	3.3
Agriculture, construction, and mining machinery manufacturing	3331	--	6.1	2.9	1.4	1.6	3.1
Computer and electronic product manufacturing	334	--	3.6	1.3	1.0	(¹⁰)	2.3
Transportation equipment manufacturing (scope changed in 2009)	336	--	4.8	1.8	1.1	0.7	2.9
Motor vehicle body and trailer manufacturing	3362	--	8.1	3.3	1.5	1.7	4.8
Motor vehicle parts manufacturing	3363	--	3.8	1.5	0.9	0.5	2.3
Furniture and related product manufacturing (scope changed in 2009)	337	--	7.1	4.6	2.2	2.4	2.4
Miscellaneous manufacturing	339	--	1.9	0.8	0.4	0.4	1.2
Service-providing		--	3.3	1.5	1.0	0.6	1.8
Trade, transportation, and utilities⁹		--	3.9	2.0	1.2	0.8	1.9
Wholesale trade	42	--	4.2	1.6	1.1	0.5	2.6
Merchant wholesalers, durable goods	423	--	4.4	1.4	0.9	0.5	3.0

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2012 -- Continued

Nebraska

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	2012 Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			Other recordable cases
				Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	
Machinery, equipment, and supplies merchant wholesalers	4238	--	6.1	0.7	0.7	(¹⁰)	5.4
Merchant wholesalers, nondurable goods	424	--	4.3	2.0	1.4	0.6	2.3
Grocery and related product merchant wholesalers	4244	--	4.3	2.7	1.7	1.0	1.6
Farm product raw material merchant wholesalers	4245	--	6.7	2.9	--	--	3.8
Retail trade	44-45	--	3.6	1.9	1.1	0.9	1.7
Motor vehicle and parts dealers	441	--	3.7	1.8	1.5	0.3	2.0
Automobile dealers	4411	--	4.5	1.8	1.5	0.3	2.8
Furniture and home furnishings stores	442	--	5.2	4.5	1.0	--	0.7
Building material and garden equipment and supplies dealers	444	--	5.2	2.2	1.6	0.6	3.0
Building material and supplies dealers	4441	--	5.0	2.0	1.3	0.7	3.0
Home centers	44411	--	6.8	2.8	1.7	1.1	4.0
Other building material dealers	44419	--	3.2	1.2	1.1	(¹⁰)	2.0
Lawn and garden equipment and supplies stores	4442	--	--	3.3	3.0	(¹⁰)	2.9
Food and beverage stores	445	--	3.4	1.6	1.0	0.6	1.8
Grocery stores	4451	--	3.7	1.8	1.1	0.7	1.9
Gasoline stations	447	--	2.4	0.8	0.7	(¹⁰)	1.7
Clothing and clothing accessories stores	448	--	1.7	1.3	--	--	--
Sporting goods, hobby, book, and music stores	451	--	1.7	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	1.2
General merchandise stores	452	--	5.7	3.5	1.1	2.4	2.2
Department stores	4521	--	3.8	2.0	1.0	1.0	1.8
Other general merchandise stores	4529	--	6.3	4.0	1.1	2.9	2.4
Miscellaneous store retailers	453	--	1.2	0.4	--	--	0.8
Nonstore retailers	454	--	1.0	0.5	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	0.5
Transportation and warehousing⁹	48-49	--	4.2	2.5	1.6	0.9	1.7
Rail transportation ⁹	482	--	0.9	0.6	0.5	(¹⁰)	0.3
Truck transportation	484	--	4.5	2.6	2.0	0.6	1.9
Transit and ground passenger transportation	485	--	6.3	1.9	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	4.4
Couriers and messengers	492	--	8.4	5.4	2.7	2.8	3.0
Warehousing and storage	493	--	7.5	6.0	1.3	4.6	1.6
Utilities	22	--	1.1	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2012 -- Continued

Nebraska

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	2012 Average annual employment (000's) ⁴	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			Other recordable cases
				Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	
Information		--	1.7	0.8	0.5	0.3	0.9
Information	51	--	1.7	0.8	0.5	0.3	0.9
Publishing industries (except Internet)	511	--	1.7	1.1	--	(¹⁰)	0.6
Newspaper, periodical, book, and directory publishers	5111	--	1.9	1.2	--	(¹⁰)	0.6
Newspaper publishers	51111	--	3.0	2.0	--	(¹⁰)	1.0
Other publishers	51119	--	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)
Software publishers	5112	--	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)
Telecommunications (scope changed in 2009)	517	--	2.2	0.8	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	1.4
Financial activities		--	0.9	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.6
Finance and insurance	52	--	0.7	0.2	0.2	(¹⁰)	0.5
Real estate and rental and leasing	53	--	2.0	0.5	(¹⁰)	0.4	1.5
Real estate (scope changed in 2009)	531	--	2.4	0.7	(¹⁰)	0.5	1.7
Rental and leasing services	532	--	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)
Lessors of nonfinancial intangible assets (except copyrighted works)	533	--	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)
Professional and business services		--	1.5	0.8	0.5	0.3	0.7
Professional, scientific, and technical services	54	--	0.9	0.4	0.3	--	0.5
Professional, scientific, and technical services (scope changed in 2009)	541	--	0.9	0.4	0.3	--	0.5
Management of companies and enterprises	55	--	1.6	0.8	0.5	0.3	0.7
Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services	56	--	2.6	1.4	0.8	--	1.2
Administrative and support services (scope changed in 2009)	561	--	2.3	1.1	0.6	--	1.2
Employment services (scope changed in 2009)	5613	--	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)
Waste management and remediation services	562	--	5.6	3.9	2.6	1.3	1.7
Education and health services		--	4.9	2.2	1.3	0.9	2.7

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2012 -- Continued

Nebraska

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	2012 Average annual employment (000's) ⁴	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			Other recordable cases
				Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	
Educational services	61	--	2.3	0.9	0.5	0.3	1.5
Health care and social assistance	62	--	5.1	2.3	1.4	0.9	2.8
Ambulatory health care services	621	--	2.0	0.8	0.7	0.1	1.2
Hospitals	622	--	7.0	2.4	1.3	1.1	4.6
Nursing and residential care facilities	623	--	6.9	4.0	2.3	1.7	3.0
Social assistance	624	--	3.8	2.1	1.4	--	1.7
Leisure and hospitality		--	4.0	1.2	0.9	0.3	2.8
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	71	--	2.4	0.7	0.6	(¹⁰)	1.8
Museums, historical sites, and similar institutions	712	--	2.5	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	2.2
Amusement, gambling, and recreation industries	713	--	2.3	0.9	0.8	(¹⁰)	1.5
Accommodation and food services	72	--	4.2	1.3	0.9	0.3	3.0
Accommodation	721	--	3.7	1.2	0.7	0.5	--
Food services and drinking places	722	--	4.3	1.3	1.0	0.3	3.0
Other services		--	4.3	1.9	1.6	0.3	2.4
Other services, except public administration	81	--	4.3	1.9	1.6	0.3	2.4
Repair and maintenance	811	--	6.4	3.0	2.6	0.4	3.4
Personal and laundry services	812	--	1.3	0.9	0.5	0.3	0.4
Religious, grantmaking, civic, professional, and similar organizations	813	--	3.2	0.6	0.5	(¹⁰)	2.5
State and local government		--	--	--	--	--	--
State government		--	--	--	--	--	--
Service-providing		--	--	--	--	--	--

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2012 -- Continued

Nebraska

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	2012 Average annual employment (000's) ⁴	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			Other recordable cases
				Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	
Education and health services		--	--	--	--	--	--
Educational services	61	--	3.8	0.9	0.3	0.6	2.9
Educational services	611	--	3.8	0.9	0.3	0.6	2.9
Colleges, universities, and professional schools	6113	--	3.8	0.9	0.3	0.6	2.9
Public administration		--	--	--	--	--	--
Public administration	92	--	--	--	--	--	--
Correctional institutions	92214	--	14.7	2.7	2.7	(¹⁰)	12.0
Local government		--	5.2	1.5	1.2	0.3	3.7
Goods-producing⁶		--	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)
Construction		--	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)
Construction	23	--	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)
Heavy and civil engineering construction	237	--	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)
Service-providing		--	5.2	1.5	1.2	0.3	3.7
Trade, transportation, and utilities⁹		--	3.0	1.9	0.8	1.1	1.1
Utilities	22	--	--	--	--	--	--
Water, sewage and other systems	2213	--	5.0	5.0	1.7	3.2	(¹⁰)
Education and health services		--	4.5	0.9	0.8	0.1	3.7
Educational services	61	--	3.9	0.8	0.8	0.1	3.1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2012 -- Continued

Nebraska

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	2012 Average annual employment (000's) ⁴	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			Other recordable cases
				Total	Cases with days away from work ⁵	Cases with job transfer or restriction	
Educational services	611	--	3.9	0.8	0.8	0.1	3.1
Elementary and secondary schools	6111	--	4.0	0.8	0.7	0.1	3.2
Health care and social assistance	62	--	7.5	1.1	0.8	0.3	6.4
Hospitals	622	--	5.7	0.9	0.8	--	4.8
Nursing and residential care facilities	623	--	4.4	2.5	1.6	0.9	1.9
Public administration	--	--	7.4	2.7	2.3	0.4	4.8
Public administration	92	--	7.4	2.7	2.3	0.4	4.8
Police protection	92212	--	12.2	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)

¹ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 100 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 200,000 where

- N = number of injuries and illnesses
- EH = total hours worked by all employees during the calendar year
- 200,000 = base for 100 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

² Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

³ *North American Industry Classification System 2007 Edition*

⁴ Employment is expressed as an annual average and is derived primarily from the BLS-State Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages. Employment data are not available from 2012 onward.

⁵ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

⁶ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

⁷ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the *North American Industry Classification System -- United States, 2007*) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and

Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁸ Data for mining operators in this industry are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁹ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

¹⁰ Data too small to be displayed.

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals. Dash indicates data do not meet publication guidelines.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses, in cooperation with participating State agencies.

Table 7. Numbers of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2012

Nebraska

(In thousands)

Industry ¹	NAICS code ²	2012 Average annual employment ³	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			Other recordable cases
				Total	Cases with days away from work ⁴	Cases with job transfer or restriction	
All industries including State and local government⁵		--	29.8	13.7	8.1	5.6	16.1
Private industry⁵		--	24.3	12.0	6.8	5.2	12.2
Goods-producing⁵		--	8.5	4.8	2.2	2.6	3.7
Natural resources and mining^{5,6}		--	0.5	0.2	0.2	(⁹)	0.3
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting⁵	11	--	0.5	0.2	0.2	(⁹)	0.3
Animal production (scope changed in 2009) ⁵	112	--	0.4	0.2	0.1	--	0.3
Mining⁶	21	--	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Mining (except oil and gas) ⁷	212	--	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Nonmetallic mineral mining and quarrying ⁷	2123	--	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Construction		--	1.7	0.9	0.7	0.2	0.8
Construction	23	--	1.7	0.9	0.7	0.2	0.8
Nonresidential building construction	2362	--	0.2	0.1	0.1	(⁹)	0.1
Heavy and civil engineering construction	237	--	0.3	0.2	0.1	(⁹)	0.1
Highway, street, and bridge construction	2373	--	0.1	0.1	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Specialty trade contractors	238	--	1.0	0.5	0.4	0.1	0.5
Foundation, structure, and building exterior contractors	2381	--	0.2	0.1	0.1	(⁹)	0.1
Building equipment contractors	2382	--	0.5	0.2	0.1	(⁹)	0.4
Plumbing, heating, and air-conditioning contractors	23822	--	0.3	0.1	0.1	(⁹)	0.2
Building finishing contractors	2383	--	0.2	0.2	0.2	(⁹)	0.1
Other specialty trade contractors	2389	--	0.1	(⁹)	(⁹)	--	--
Manufacturing		--	6.3	3.6	1.3	2.4	2.7

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Numbers of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2012 -- Continued

Nebraska

(In thousands)

Industry ¹	NAICS code ²	2012 Average annual employment ³	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			Other recordable cases
				Total	Cases with days away from work ⁴	Cases with job transfer or restriction	
Manufacturing	31-33	--	6.3	3.6	1.3	2.4	2.7
Food manufacturing	311	--	3.1	2.1	0.4	1.6	1.0
Animal food manufacturing	3111	--	0.2	0.1	--	(⁹)	0.1
Grain and oilseed milling	3112	--	0.1	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Animal slaughtering and processing	3116	--	2.6	1.8	0.3	1.5	0.8
Animal slaughtering and processing	31161	--	2.6	1.8	0.3	1.5	0.8
Apparel manufacturing (scope changed in 2009)	315	--	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Wood product manufacturing	321	--	0.1	0.1	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Paper manufacturing	322	--	0.1	0.1	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Printing and related support activities	323	--	0.1	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	0.1
Chemical manufacturing	325	--	0.2	0.1	(⁹)	0.1	0.1
Plastics and rubber products manufacturing (scope changed in 2009)	326	--	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1
Plastics product manufacturing (scope changed in 2009)	3261	--	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Rubber product manufacturing (scope changed in 2009)	3262	--	0.1	0.1	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Nonmetallic mineral product manufacturing	327	--	0.2	0.1	0.1	(⁹)	0.1
Fabricated metal product manufacturing	332	--	0.4	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.2
Architectural and structural metals manufacturing	3323	--	0.2	0.1	(⁹)	0.1	0.1
Boiler, tank, and shipping container manufacturing	3324	--	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	--	(⁹)
Machinery manufacturing (scope changed in 2009)	333	--	0.6	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.3
Agriculture, construction, and mining machinery manufacturing	3331	--	0.4	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.2
Computer and electronic product manufacturing	334	--	0.2	0.1	(⁹)	(⁹)	0.1
Transportation equipment manufacturing (scope changed in 2009)	336	--	0.4	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.2
Motor vehicle body and trailer manufacturing	3362	--	0.1	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	0.1
Motor vehicle parts manufacturing	3363	--	0.2	0.1	(⁹)	(⁹)	0.1
Furniture and related product manufacturing (scope changed in 2009)	337	--	0.1	0.1	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Miscellaneous manufacturing	339	--	0.1	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	0.1
Service-providing		--	15.8	7.3	4.6	2.7	8.5
Trade, transportation, and utilities⁸		--	6.7	3.5	2.1	1.4	3.3
Wholesale trade	42	--	1.7	0.6	0.4	0.2	1.0
Merchant wholesalers, durable goods	423	--	0.9	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Numbers of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2012 -- Continued

Nebraska

(In thousands)

Industry ¹	NAICS code ²	2012 Average annual employment ³	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			Other recordable cases
				Total	Cases with days away from work ⁴	Cases with job transfer or restriction	
Machinery, equipment, and supplies merchant wholesalers	4238	--	0.4	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	0.4
Merchant wholesalers, nondurable goods	424	--	0.7	0.4	0.2	0.1	0.4
Grocery and related product merchant wholesalers	4244	--	0.2	0.1	0.1	(⁹)	0.1
Farm product raw material merchant wholesalers	4245	--	0.3	0.1	--	--	0.2
Retail trade	44-45	--	2.8	1.5	0.8	0.7	1.3
Motor vehicle and parts dealers	441	--	0.5	0.2	0.2	(⁹)	0.2
Automobile dealers	4411	--	0.4	0.1	0.1	(⁹)	0.2
Furniture and home furnishings stores	442	--	0.1	0.1	(⁹)	--	(⁹)
Building material and garden equipment and supplies dealers	444	--	0.5	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.3
Building material and supplies dealers	4441	--	0.4	0.1	0.1	(⁹)	0.2
Home centers	44411	--	0.3	0.1	0.1	(⁹)	0.2
Other building material dealers	44419	--	0.1	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Lawn and garden equipment and supplies stores	4442	--	--	0.1	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Food and beverage stores	445	--	0.4	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.2
Grocery stores	4451	--	0.4	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.2
Gasoline stations	447	--	0.2	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	0.1
Clothing and clothing accessories stores	448	--	0.1	(⁹)	--	--	--
Sporting goods, hobby, book, and music stores	451	--	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
General merchandise stores	452	--	0.9	0.5	0.2	0.4	0.3
Department stores	4521	--	0.1	0.1	(⁹)	(⁹)	0.1
Other general merchandise stores	4529	--	0.7	0.5	0.1	0.3	0.3
Miscellaneous store retailers	453	--	0.1	(⁹)	--	--	(⁹)
Nonstore retailers	454	--	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Transportation and warehousing⁸	48-49	--	2.2	1.3	0.9	0.5	0.9
Rail transportation ⁸	482	--	0.1	0.1	0.1	(⁹)	(⁹)
Truck transportation	484	--	1.3	0.8	0.6	0.2	0.6
Transit and ground passenger transportation	485	--	0.1	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Couriers and messengers	492	--	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Warehousing and storage	493	--	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1
Utilities	22	--	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Numbers of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2012 -- Continued

Nebraska

(In thousands)

Industry ¹	NAICS code ²	2012 Average annual employment ³	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			Other recordable cases
				Total	Cases with days away from work ⁴	Cases with job transfer or restriction	
Information		--	0.2	0.1	0.1	(⁹)	0.1
Information	51	--	0.2	0.1	0.1	(⁹)	0.1
Publishing industries (except Internet)	511	--	0.1	(⁹)	--	(⁹)	(⁹)
Newspaper, periodical, book, and directory publishers	5111	--	0.1	(⁹)	--	(⁹)	(⁹)
Newspaper publishers	51111	--	0.1	(⁹)	--	(⁹)	(⁹)
Other publishers	51119	--	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Software publishers	5112	--	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Telecommunications (scope changed in 2009)	517	--	0.1	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Financial activities		--	0.5	0.1	0.1	(⁹)	0.4
Finance and insurance	52	--	0.3	0.1	0.1	(⁹)	0.2
Real estate and rental and leasing	53	--	0.2	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	0.1
Real estate (scope changed in 2009)	531	--	0.1	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	0.1
Rental and leasing services	532	--	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Lessors of nonfinancial intangible assets (except copyrighted works)	533	--	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Professional and business services		--	1.3	0.7	0.4	0.3	0.6
Professional, scientific, and technical services	54	--	0.4	0.2	0.1	--	0.2
Professional, scientific, and technical services (scope changed in 2009)	541	--	0.4	0.2	0.1	--	0.2
Management of companies and enterprises	55	--	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services	56	--	0.7	0.4	0.2	--	0.3
Administrative and support services (scope changed in 2009)	561	--	0.6	0.3	0.2	--	0.3
Employment services (scope changed in 2009)	5613	--	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Waste management and remediation services	562	--	0.1	0.1	0.1	(⁹)	(⁹)
Education and health services		--	4.3	1.9	1.2	0.8	2.4

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Numbers of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2012 -- Continued

Nebraska

(In thousands)

Industry ¹	NAICS code ²	2012 Average annual employment ³	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			Other recordable cases
				Total	Cases with days away from work ⁴	Cases with job transfer or restriction	
Educational services	61	--	0.2	0.1	(⁹)	(⁹)	0.1
Health care and social assistance	62	--	4.2	1.9	1.1	0.7	2.3
Ambulatory health care services	621	--	0.5	0.2	0.2	(⁹)	0.3
Hospitals	622	--	1.8	0.6	0.3	0.3	1.2
Nursing and residential care facilities	623	--	1.4	0.8	0.5	0.3	0.6
Social assistance	624	--	0.4	0.2	0.2	--	0.2
Leisure and hospitality		--	1.9	0.5	0.4	0.1	1.3
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	71	--	0.1	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	0.1
Museums, historical sites, and similar institutions	712	--	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Amusement, gambling, and recreation industries	713	--	0.1	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	0.1
Accommodation and food services	72	--	1.7	0.5	0.4	0.1	1.2
Accommodation	721	--	0.2	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	--
Food services and drinking places	722	--	1.6	0.5	0.4	0.1	1.1
Other services		--	0.8	0.4	0.3	0.1	0.5
Other services, except public administration	81	--	0.8	0.4	0.3	0.1	0.5
Repair and maintenance	811	--	0.6	0.3	0.3	(⁹)	0.3
Personal and laundry services	812	--	0.1	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Religious, grantmaking, civic, professional, and similar organizations	813	--	0.1	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	0.1
State and local government		--	--	--	--	--	--
State government		--	--	--	--	--	--
Service-providing		--	--	--	--	--	--

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Numbers of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2012 -- Continued

Nebraska

(In thousands)

Industry ¹	NAICS code ²	2012 Average annual employment ³	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			Other recordable cases
				Total	Cases with days away from work ⁴	Cases with job transfer or restriction	
Education and health services		--	--	--	--	--	--
Educational services	61	--	0.5	0.1	(⁹)	0.1	0.4
Educational services	611	--	0.5	0.1	(⁹)	0.1	0.4
Colleges, universities, and professional schools	6113	--	0.5	0.1	(⁹)	0.1	0.4
Public administration		--	--	--	--	--	--
Public administration	92	--	--	--	--	--	--
Correctional institutions	92214	--	0.4	0.1	0.1	(⁹)	0.3
Local government		--	4.2	1.2	1.0	0.2	3.0
Goods-producing⁵		--	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Construction		--	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Construction	23	--	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Heavy and civil engineering construction	237	--	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Service-providing		--	4.2	1.2	1.0	0.2	3.0
Trade, transportation, and utilities⁸		--	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Utilities	22	--	--	--	--	--	--
Water, sewage and other systems	2213	--	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Education and health services		--	2.3	0.4	0.4	0.1	1.9
Educational services	61	--	1.6	0.3	0.3	(⁹)	1.3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Numbers of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and case types, 2012 -- Continued

Nebraska

(In thousands)

Industry ¹	NAICS code ²	2012 Average annual employment ³	Total recordable cases	Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction			Other recordable cases
				Total	Cases with days away from work ⁴	Cases with job transfer or restriction	
Educational services	611	--	1.6	0.3	0.3	(⁹)	1.3
Elementary and secondary schools	6111	--	1.5	0.3	0.3	(⁹)	1.2
Health care and social assistance	62	--	0.7	0.1	0.1	(⁹)	0.6
Hospitals	622	--	0.2	(⁹)	(⁹)	--	0.2
Nursing and residential care facilities	623	--	0.1	0.1	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)
Public administration	--	--	1.7	0.6	0.5	0.1	1.1
Public administration	92	--	1.7	0.6	0.5	0.1	1.1
Police protection	92212	--	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)

¹ Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

² *North American Industry Classification System* -- United States, 2007 Edition

³ Employment is expressed as an annual average and is derived primarily from the BLS-State Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages. Employment data are not available from 2012 onward.

⁴ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

⁵ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

⁶ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the *North American Industry Classification System* -- United States, 2007) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁷ Data for mining operators in this industry are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁸ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

⁹ Data too small to be displayed.

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals. Dash indicates data do not meet publication guidelines.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses, in cooperation with participating State agencies.

Table 8. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational illnesses by selected industries and category of illness, 2012

Nebraska

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	Incidence rates per 10,000 full-time workers ¹					
		Total cases	Skin disorders	Respiratory conditions	Poisonings	Hearing loss	All other illnesses
All industries including State and local government⁴		34.9	3.3	2.9	--	4.4	23.2
Private industry⁴		35.6	2.7	2.3	--	5.2	24.3
Goods-producing⁴		106.7	5.2	4.5	(⁵)	21.9	75.1
Natural resources and mining^{4,6}		(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting⁴	11	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)
Animal production (scope changed in 2009) ⁴	112	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)
Mining⁶	21	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)
Mining (except oil and gas) ⁷	212	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)
Construction		13.6	--	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	8.0
Construction	23	13.6	--	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	8.0
Heavy and civil engineering construction	237	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)
Specialty trade contractors	238	13.7	--	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	--
Manufacturing		155.5	6.5	5.8	(⁵)	33.1	110.1
Manufacturing	31-33	155.5	6.5	5.8	(⁵)	33.1	110.1
Food manufacturing	311	383.5	(⁵)	13.8	(⁵)	82.6	282.9
Apparel manufacturing (scope changed in 2009)	315	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)
Wood product manufacturing	321	--	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	--
Paper manufacturing	322	(⁵)	--	(⁵)	(⁵)	--	(⁵)
Printing and related support activities	323	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)
Chemical manufacturing	325	26.3	(⁵)	--	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 8. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational illnesses by selected industries and category of illness, 2012 -- Continued

Nebraska

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	Incidence rates per 10,000 full-time workers ¹					
		Total cases	Skin disorders	Respiratory conditions	Poisonings	Hearing loss	All other illnesses
Plastics and rubber products manufacturing (scope changed in 2009)	326	69.6	48.3	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)
Nonmetallic mineral product manufacturing	327	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)
Fabricated metal product manufacturing	332	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)
Machinery manufacturing (scope changed in 2009)	333	34.6	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	23.3
Computer and electronic product manufacturing	334	80.2	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	72.3
Transportation equipment manufacturing (scope changed in 2009)	336	32.5	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)
Furniture and related product manufacturing (scope changed in 2009)	337	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)
Miscellaneous manufacturing	339	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)
Service-providing		14.3	2.0	--	--	(⁵)	9.0
Trade, transportation, and utilities⁸		14.4	(⁵)	--	--	(⁵)	9.9
Wholesale trade	42	--	(⁵)	--	(⁵)	(⁵)	--
Merchant wholesalers, durable goods	423	--	(⁵)	--	(⁵)	(⁵)	--
Merchant wholesalers, nondurable goods	424	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)
Retail trade	44-45	4.6	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	4.6
Motor vehicle and parts dealers	441	--	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	--
Furniture and home furnishings stores	442	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)
Building material and garden equipment and supplies dealers	444	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)
Food and beverage stores	445	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)
Gasoline stations	447	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)
Clothing and clothing accessories stores	448	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)
Sporting goods, hobby, book, and music stores	451	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)
General merchandise stores	452	17.6	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	17.6
Miscellaneous store retailers	453	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)
Nonstore retailers	454	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)
Transportation and warehousing⁸	48-49	27.8	(⁵)	(⁵)	--	(⁵)	22.3
Rail transportation ⁸	482	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)
Truck transportation	484	31.1	(⁵)	--	--	(⁵)	25.3
Transit and ground passenger transportation	485	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 8. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational illnesses by selected industries and category of illness, 2012 -- Continued

Nebraska

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	Incidence rates per 10,000 full-time workers ¹					
		Total cases	Skin disorders	Respiratory conditions	Poisonings	Hearing loss	All other illnesses
Couriers and messengers	492	81.1	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	76.6
Warehousing and storage	493	69.4	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	60.5
Utilities	22	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)
Information		(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)
Information	51	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)
Publishing industries (except Internet)	511	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)
Telecommunications (scope changed in 2009)	517	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)
Financial activities		9.3	(⁵)	--	(⁵)	(⁵)	8.2
Finance and insurance	52	10.4	--	--	(⁵)	(⁵)	9.5
Real estate and rental and leasing	53	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)
Real estate (scope changed in 2009)	531	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)
Rental and leasing services	532	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)
Lessors of nonfinancial intangible assets (except copyrighted works)	533	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)
Professional and business services		10.1	3.6	--	(⁵)	(⁵)	5.9
Professional, scientific, and technical services	54	(⁵)	--	--	(⁵)	(⁵)	--
Professional, scientific, and technical services (scope changed in 2009)	541	(⁵)	--	--	(⁵)	(⁵)	--
Management of companies and enterprises	55	14.9	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	12.0
Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services	56	17.7	--	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	9.5
Administrative and support services (scope changed in 2009)	561	17.3	--	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	8.3
Waste management and remediation services	562	--	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	--
Education and health services		20.1	3.2	2.0	(⁵)	(⁵)	14.8

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 8. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational illnesses by selected industries and category of illness, 2012 -- Continued

Nebraska

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	Incidence rates per 10,000 full-time workers ¹					
		Total cases	Skin disorders	Respiratory conditions	Poisonings	Hearing loss	All other illnesses
Educational services	61	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)
Health care and social assistance	62	21.1	3.3	2.1	(⁵)	(⁵)	15.5
Ambulatory health care services	621	13.4	--	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	8.6
Hospitals	622	28.6	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	22.2
Nursing and residential care facilities	623	27.0	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	21.3
Social assistance	624	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)
Leisure and hospitality		9.5	3.3	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	6.2
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	71	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)
Museums, historical sites, and similar institutions	712	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)
Amusement, gambling, and recreation industries	713	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)
Accommodation and food services	72	10.3	3.8	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	6.5
Accommodation	721	41.4	--	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	--
Food services and drinking places	722	6.8	--	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	5.0
Other services		--	--	(⁵)	--	(⁵)	(⁵)
Other services, except public administration	81	--	--	(⁵)	--	(⁵)	(⁵)
Repair and maintenance	811	--	--	(⁵)	--	(⁵)	(⁵)
Personal and laundry services	812	(⁵)	--	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	--
Religious, grantmaking, civic, professional, and similar organizations	813	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)
State and local government		--	--	--	--	--	--
State government		--	--	--	--	--	--
Service-providing		--	--	--	--	--	--

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 8. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational illnesses by selected industries and category of illness, 2012 -- Continued

Nebraska

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	Incidence rates per 10,000 full-time workers ¹					
		Total cases	Skin disorders	Respiratory conditions	Poisonings	Hearing loss	All other illnesses
Education and health services		--	--	--	--	--	--
Educational services	61	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)
Educational services	611	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)
Public administration		--	--	--	--	--	--
Public administration	92	--	--	--	--	--	--
Local government		39.1	9.1	6.8	(⁵)	(⁵)	23.1
Goods-producing⁴		(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)
Construction		(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)
Construction	23	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)
Heavy and civil engineering construction	237	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)
Service-providing		39.1	9.1	6.8	(⁵)	(⁵)	23.1
Trade, transportation, and utilities⁸		(⁵)	--	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)
Utilities	22	--	--	--	--	--	--
Education and health services		--	--	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	--
Educational services	61	--	--	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	--
Educational services	611	--	--	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	--
Health care and social assistance	62	17.9	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	17.9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 8. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational illnesses by selected industries and category of illness, 2012 -- Continued

Nebraska

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	Incidence rates per 10,000 full-time workers ¹					
		Total cases	Skin disorders	Respiratory conditions	Poisonings	Hearing loss	All other illnesses
Hospitals	622	35.6	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	35.6
Nursing and residential care facilities	623	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)
Public administration		69.5	--	24.3	(⁵)	(⁵)	32.1
Public administration	92	69.5	--	24.3	(⁵)	(⁵)	32.1

¹ Incidence rates represent the number of illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 20,000,000 where

- N = number of illnesses
- EH = total hours worked by all employees during the calendar year
- 20,000,000 = base for 10,000 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

² Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

³ *North American Industry Classification System* 2007 Edition

⁴ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

⁵ Data too small to be displayed.

⁶ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the *North American Industry Classification System* -- United States, 2007) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the

coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁷ Data for mining operators in this industry are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁸ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals. Dash indicates data do not meet publication guidelines.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses, in cooperation with participating State agencies.

Table 9. Numbers of nonfatal occupational illnesses by selected industries and category of illness, 2012

Nebraska

(In thousands)

Industry ¹	NAICS code ²	Numbers of illnesses by category					
		Total cases	Skin disorders	Respiratory conditions	Poisonings	Hearing loss	All other illnesses
All industries including State and local government³		2.6	0.2	0.2	--	0.3	1.7
Private industry³		2.2	0.2	0.1	--	0.3	1.5
Goods-producing³		1.5	0.1	0.1	(⁴)	0.3	1.1
Natural resources and mining^{3,5}		(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting³	11	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Animal production (scope changed in 2009) ³	112	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Mining⁵	21	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Mining (except oil and gas) ⁵	212	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Construction		0.1	--	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Construction	23	0.1	--	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Heavy and civil engineering construction	237	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Specialty trade contractors	238	(⁴)	--	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	--
Manufacturing		1.5	0.1	0.1	(⁴)	0.3	1.0
Manufacturing	31-33	1.5	0.1	0.1	(⁴)	0.3	1.0
Food manufacturing	311	1.3	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	0.3	1.0
Apparel manufacturing (scope changed in 2009)	315	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Wood product manufacturing	321	--	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	--
Paper manufacturing	322	(⁴)	--	(⁴)	(⁴)	--	(⁴)
Printing and related support activities	323	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Chemical manufacturing	325	(⁴)	(⁴)	--	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 9. Numbers of nonfatal occupational illnesses by selected industries and category of illness, 2012 -- Continued

Nebraska

(In thousands)

Industry ¹	NAICS code ²	Numbers of illnesses by category					
		Total cases	Skin disorders	Respiratory conditions	Poisonings	Hearing loss	All other illnesses
Plastics and rubber products manufacturing (scope changed in 2009)	326	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Nonmetallic mineral product manufacturing	327	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Fabricated metal product manufacturing	332	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Machinery manufacturing (scope changed in 2009)	333	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Computer and electronic product manufacturing	334	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Transportation equipment manufacturing (scope changed in 2009)	336	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Furniture and related product manufacturing (scope changed in 2009)	337	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Miscellaneous manufacturing	339	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Service-providing		0.7	0.1	--	--	(⁴)	0.4
Trade, transportation, and utilities⁷		0.2	(⁴)	--	--	(⁴)	0.2
Wholesale trade	42	--	(⁴)	--	(⁴)	(⁴)	--
Merchant wholesalers, durable goods	423	--	(⁴)	--	(⁴)	(⁴)	--
Merchant wholesalers, nondurable goods	424	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Retail trade	44-45	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Motor vehicle and parts dealers	441	--	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	--
Furniture and home furnishings stores	442	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Building material and garden equipment and supplies dealers	444	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Food and beverage stores	445	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Gasoline stations	447	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Clothing and clothing accessories stores	448	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Sporting goods, hobby, book, and music stores	451	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)
General merchandise stores	452	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Miscellaneous store retailers	453	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Nonstore retailers	454	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Transportation and warehousing⁷	48-49	0.1	(⁴)	(⁴)	--	(⁴)	0.1
Rail transportation ⁷	482	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Truck transportation	484	0.1	(⁴)	--	--	(⁴)	0.1
Transit and ground passenger transportation	485	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 9. Numbers of nonfatal occupational illnesses by selected industries and category of illness, 2012 -- Continued

Nebraska

(In thousands)

Industry ¹	NAICS code ²	Numbers of illnesses by category					
		Total cases	Skin disorders	Respiratory conditions	Poisonings	Hearing loss	All other illnesses
Couriers and messengers	492	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Warehousing and storage	493	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Utilities	22	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Information		(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Information	51	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Publishing industries (except Internet)	511	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Telecommunications (scope changed in 2009)	517	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Financial activities		0.1	(⁴)	--	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Finance and insurance	52	0.1	--	--	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Real estate and rental and leasing	53	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Real estate (scope changed in 2009)	531	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Rental and leasing services	532	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Lessors of nonfinancial intangible assets (except copyrighted works)	533	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Professional and business services		0.1	(⁴)	--	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Professional, scientific, and technical services	54	(⁴)	--	--	(⁴)	(⁴)	--
Professional, scientific, and technical services (scope changed in 2009)	541	(⁴)	--	--	(⁴)	(⁴)	--
Management of companies and enterprises	55	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services	56	(⁴)	--	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Administrative and support services (scope changed in 2009)	561	(⁴)	--	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Waste management and remediation services	562	--	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	--
Education and health services		0.2	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	0.1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 9. Numbers of nonfatal occupational illnesses by selected industries and category of illness, 2012 -- Continued

Nebraska

(In thousands)

Industry ¹	NAICS code ²	Numbers of illnesses by category					
		Total cases	Skin disorders	Respiratory conditions	Poisonings	Hearing loss	All other illnesses
Educational services	61	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Health care and social assistance	62	0.2	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	0.1
Ambulatory health care services	621	(⁴)	--	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Hospitals	622	0.1	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	0.1
Nursing and residential care facilities	623	0.1	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Social assistance	624	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Leisure and hospitality		(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	71	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Museums, historical sites, and similar institutions	712	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Amusement, gambling, and recreation industries	713	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Accommodation and food services	72	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Accommodation	721	(⁴)	--	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	--
Food services and drinking places	722	(⁴)	--	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Other services		--	--	(⁴)	--	(⁴)	(⁴)
Other services, except public administration	81	--	--	(⁴)	--	(⁴)	(⁴)
Repair and maintenance	811	--	--	(⁴)	--	(⁴)	(⁴)
Personal and laundry services	812	(⁴)	--	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	--
Religious, grantmaking, civic, professional, and similar organizations	813	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)
State and local government		--	--	--	--	--	--
State government		--	--	--	--	--	--
Service-providing		--	--	--	--	--	--

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 9. Numbers of nonfatal occupational illnesses by selected industries and category of illness, 2012 -- Continued

Nebraska

(In thousands)

Industry ¹	NAICS code ²	Numbers of illnesses by category					
		Total cases	Skin disorders	Respiratory conditions	Poisonings	Hearing loss	All other illnesses
Education and health services		--	--	--	--	--	--
Educational services	61	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Educational services	611	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Public administration		--	--	--	--	--	--
Public administration	92	--	--	--	--	--	--
Local government		0.3	0.1	0.1	(⁴)	(⁴)	0.2
Goods-producing³		(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Construction		(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Construction	23	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Heavy and civil engineering construction	237	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Service-providing		0.3	0.1	0.1	(⁴)	(⁴)	0.2
Trade, transportation, and utilities⁷		(⁴)	--	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Utilities	22	--	--	--	--	--	--
Education and health services		--	--	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	--
Educational services	61	--	--	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	--
Educational services	611	--	--	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	--
Health care and social assistance	62	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 9. Numbers of nonfatal occupational illnesses by selected industries and category of illness, 2012 -- Continued

Nebraska

(In thousands)

Industry ¹	NAICS code ²	Numbers of illnesses by category					
		Total cases	Skin disorders	Respiratory conditions	Poisonings	Hearing loss	All other illnesses
Hospitals	622	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Nursing and residential care facilities	623	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)	(⁴)
Public administration		0.2	--	0.1	(⁴)	(⁴)	0.1
Public administration	92	0.2	--	0.1	(⁴)	(⁴)	0.1

¹ Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

² *North American Industry Classification System* -- United States, 2007 Edition

³ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

⁴ Data too small to be displayed.

⁵ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the *North American Industry Classification System* -- United States, 2007) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁶ Data for mining operators in this industry are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health

Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁷ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals. Dash indicates data do not meet publication guidelines.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses, in cooperation with participating State agencies.

Table 10. Incidence rates¹ and numbers of nonfatal occupational injuries by industry, 2012

Nebraska

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	2012 Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Incidence rates	Numbers (000's)	Percent relative standard error	
					Incidence rates	Numbers
All industries including State and local government ⁵		--	3.7	27.2	2	2
Private industry ⁵		--	3.5	22.1	3	2
Goods-producing ⁵		--	4.8	7.0	4	4
Natural resources and mining ^{5,6}		--	5.6	0.5	19	17
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting ⁵	11	--	6.2	0.5	20	17
Animal production (scope changed in 2009) ⁵	112	--	9.2	0.4	20	20
Mining ⁶	21	--	1.7	(⁹)	4	2
Mining (except oil and gas) ⁷	212	--	1.8	(⁹)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)
Nonmetallic mineral mining and quarrying ⁷	2123	--	1.8	(⁹)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)
Construction		--	4.2	1.6	12	12
Construction	23	--	4.2	1.6	12	12
Nonresidential building construction	2362	--	3.6	0.2	13	12
Heavy and civil engineering construction	237	--	4.5	0.3	13	13
Highway, street, and bridge construction	2373	--	3.6	0.1	16	18
Specialty trade contractors	238	--	3.9	1.0	13	13
Foundation, structure, and building exterior contractors	2381	--	2.8	0.1	17	19
Building equipment contractors	2382	--	4.2	0.5	17	17
Plumbing, heating, and air-conditioning contractors	23822	--	4.3	0.3	22	22
Building finishing contractors	2383	--	6.0	0.2	33	33
Other specialty trade contractors	2389	--	2.1	0.1	46	46
Manufacturing		--	5.0	4.8	2	2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 10. Incidence rates¹ and numbers of nonfatal occupational injuries by industry, 2012 -- Continued

Nebraska

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	2012 Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Incidence rates	Numbers (000's)	Percent relative standard error	
					Incidence rates	Numbers
Manufacturing	31-33	--	5.0	4.8	2	2
Food manufacturing	311	--	5.3	1.8	4	4
Animal food manufacturing	3111	--	7.4	0.2	24	26
Grain and oilseed milling	3112	--	3.6	0.1	8	7
Animal slaughtering and processing	3116	--	5.4	1.3	4	4
Animal slaughtering and processing	31161	--	5.4	1.3	4	4
Apparel manufacturing (scope changed in 2009)	315	--	(⁹)	(⁹)	10	15
Wood product manufacturing	321	--	6.6	0.1	18	19
Paper manufacturing	322	--	6.6	0.1	11	12
Printing and related support activities	323	--	2.5	0.1	18	18
Chemical manufacturing	325	--	3.6	0.2	14	15
Plastics and rubber products manufacturing (scope changed in 2009)	326	--	5.8	0.3	15	15
Plastics product manufacturing (scope changed in 2009)	3261	--	7.5	0.2	19	20
Rubber product manufacturing (scope changed in 2009)	3262	--	3.5	0.1	0	1
Nonmetallic mineral product manufacturing	327	--	7.2	0.2	11	10
Fabricated metal product manufacturing	332	--	5.0	0.4	8	7
Architectural and structural metals manufacturing	3323	--	5.1	0.2	5	6
Boiler, tank, and shipping container manufacturing	3324	--	7.0	(⁹)	35	35
Machinery manufacturing (scope changed in 2009)	333	--	5.9	0.6	7	7
Agriculture, construction, and mining machinery manufacturing	3331	--	5.7	0.4	6	6
Computer and electronic product manufacturing	334	--	2.8	0.1	3	4
Transportation equipment manufacturing (scope changed in 2009)	336	--	4.4	0.4	4	4
Motor vehicle body and trailer manufacturing	3362	--	8.1	0.1	7	5
Motor vehicle parts manufacturing	3363	--	3.4	0.2	9	10
Furniture and related product manufacturing (scope changed in 2009)	337	--	6.5	0.1	9	12
Miscellaneous manufacturing	339	--	1.8	0.1	7	10
Service-providing		--	3.1	15.1	3	3
Trade, transportation, and utilities⁸		--	3.8	6.5	5	4
Wholesale trade	42	--	4.0	1.6	14	13
Merchant wholesalers, durable goods	423	--	4.1	0.8	22	22

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 10. Incidence rates¹ and numbers of nonfatal occupational injuries by industry, 2012 -- Continued

Nebraska

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	2012 Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Incidence rates	Numbers (000's)	Percent relative standard error	
					Incidence rates	Numbers
Machinery, equipment, and supplies merchant wholesalers	4238	--	5.4	0.4	40	41
Merchant wholesalers, nondurable goods	424	--	4.3	0.7	15	15
Grocery and related product merchant wholesalers	4244	--	4.3	0.2	22	21
Farm product raw material merchant wholesalers	4245	--	6.7	0.3	25	29
Retail trade	44-45	--	3.5	2.8	7	6
Motor vehicle and parts dealers	441	--	3.7	0.5	13	13
Automobile dealers	4411	--	4.5	0.4	11	11
Furniture and home furnishings stores	442	--	5.2	0.1	27	29
Building material and garden equipment and supplies dealers	444	--	5.2	0.5	14	14
Building material and supplies dealers	4441	--	5.0	0.4	10	10
Home centers	44411	--	6.8	0.3	9	11
Other building material dealers	44419	--	3.2	0.1	23	24
Lawn and garden equipment and supplies stores	4442	--	--	--	--	--
Food and beverage stores	445	--	3.4	0.4	8	8
Grocery stores	4451	--	3.6	0.4	7	7
Gasoline stations	447	--	2.4	0.2	35	34
Clothing and clothing accessories stores	448	--	1.7	0.1	55	54
Sporting goods, hobby, book, and music stores	451	--	1.7	(⁹)	29	31
General merchandise stores	452	--	5.5	0.8	10	11
Department stores	4521	--	3.7	0.1	8	7
Other general merchandise stores	4529	--	6.1	0.7	12	13
Miscellaneous store retailers	453	--	1.2	0.1	30	32
Nonstore retailers	454	--	0.9	(⁹)	47	47
Transportation and warehousing⁸	48-49	--	3.9	2.1	5	5
Rail transportation ⁸	482	--	0.9	0.1	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)
Truck transportation	484	--	4.2	1.2	5	5
Transit and ground passenger transportation	485	--	6.3	0.1	51	49
Couriers and messengers	492	--	7.6	0.2	23	21
Warehousing and storage	493	--	6.9	0.3	8	7
Utilities	22	--	1.1	(⁹)	37	35

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 10. Incidence rates¹ and numbers of nonfatal occupational injuries by industry, 2012 -- Continued

Nebraska

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	2012 Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Incidence rates	Numbers (000's)	Percent relative standard error	
					Incidence rates	Numbers
Information		--	1.7	0.2	16	16
Information	51	--	1.7	0.2	16	16
Publishing industries (except Internet)	511	--	1.7	0.1	37	39
Newspaper, periodical, book, and directory publishers	5111	--	1.8	0.1	37	39
Newspaper publishers	51111	--	3.0	0.1	40	41
Other publishers	51119	--	(⁹)	(⁹)	(¹¹)	(¹¹)
Software publishers	5112	--	(⁹)	(⁹)	(¹¹)	(¹¹)
Telecommunications (scope changed in 2009)	517	--	2.2	0.1	26	27
Financial activities		--	0.8	0.5	16	16
Finance and insurance	52	--	0.6	0.3	19	20
Real estate and rental and leasing	53	--	2.0	0.2	29	30
Real estate (scope changed in 2009)	531	--	2.4	0.1	32	33
Rental and leasing services	532	--	(⁹)	(⁹)	49	44
Lessors of nonfinancial intangible assets (except copyrighted works)	533	--	(⁹)	(⁹)	36	31
Professional and business services		--	1.4	1.2	12	12
Professional, scientific, and technical services	54	--	0.8	0.3	22	22
Professional, scientific, and technical services (scope changed in 2009)	541	--	0.8	0.3	22	22
Management of companies and enterprises	55	--	1.4	0.2	14	15
Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services	56	--	2.4	0.6	17	18
Administrative and support services (scope changed in 2009)	561	--	2.1	0.5	20	21
Employment services (scope changed in 2009)	5613	--	(⁹)	(⁹)	44	47
Waste management and remediation services	562	--	5.4	0.1	24	27
Education and health services		--	4.7	4.1	5	5

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 10. Incidence rates¹ and numbers of nonfatal occupational injuries by industry, 2012 -- Continued

Nebraska

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	2012 Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Incidence rates	Numbers (000's)	Percent relative standard error	
					Incidence rates	Numbers
Educational services	61	--	2.3	0.1	10	10
Health care and social assistance	62	--	4.9	4.0	5	5
Ambulatory health care services	621	--	1.9	0.5	19	19
Hospitals	622	--	6.7	1.7	7	7
Nursing and residential care facilities	623	--	6.7	1.4	5	6
Social assistance	624	--	3.7	0.4	23	22
Leisure and hospitality		--	3.9	1.8	10	10
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	71	--	2.4	0.1	23	22
Museums, historical sites, and similar institutions	712	--	2.4	(⁹)	36	48
Amusement, gambling, and recreation industries	713	--	2.3	0.1	20	22
Accommodation and food services	72	--	4.1	1.7	10	10
Accommodation	721	--	--	--	--	--
Food services and drinking places	722	--	4.2	1.5	10	11
Other services		--	3.9	0.8	23	23
Other services, except public administration	81	--	3.9	0.8	23	23
Repair and maintenance	811	--	5.7	0.6	29	30
Personal and laundry services	812	--	1.1	0.1	29	29
Religious, grantmaking, civic, professional, and similar organizations	813	--	3.1	0.1	28	25
State and local government		--	--	--	--	--
State government		--	--	--	--	--
Service-providing		--	--	--	--	--

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 10. Incidence rates¹ and numbers of nonfatal occupational injuries by industry, 2012 -- Continued

Nebraska

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	2012 Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Incidence rates	Numbers (000's)	Percent relative standard error	
					Incidence rates	Numbers
Education and health services		--	--	--	--	--
Educational services	61	--	3.8	0.5	(¹¹)	(¹¹)
Educational services	611	--	3.8	0.5	(¹¹)	(¹¹)
Colleges, universities, and professional schools	6113	--	3.8	0.5	(¹¹)	(¹¹)
Public administration		--	--	--	--	--
Public administration	92	--	--	--	--	--
Correctional institutions	92214	--	14.0	0.3	12	11
Local government		--	4.8	3.9	8	7
Goods-producing⁵		--	(⁹)	(⁹)	12	16
Construction		--	(⁹)	(⁹)	18	18
Construction	23	--	(⁹)	(⁹)	18	18
Heavy and civil engineering construction	237	--	(⁹)	(⁹)	18	18
Service-providing		--	4.8	3.9	8	7
Trade, transportation, and utilities⁸		--	2.8	0.2	18	19
Utilities	22	--	--	--	--	--
Water, sewage and other systems	2213	--	4.6	(⁹)	3	3
Education and health services		--	4.2	2.1	13	12
Educational services	61	--	3.6	1.5	15	16

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 10. Incidence rates¹ and numbers of nonfatal occupational injuries by industry, 2012 -- Continued

Nebraska

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	2012 Average annual employment ⁴ (000's)	Incidence rates	Numbers (000's)	Percent relative standard error	
					Incidence rates	Numbers
Educational services	611	--	3.6	1.5	15	16
Elementary and secondary schools	6111	--	3.7	1.4	16	17
Health care and social assistance	62	--	7.3	0.6	23	16
Hospitals	622	--	5.3	0.2	23	25
Nursing and residential care facilities	623	--	4.4	0.1	25	24
Public administration	--	--	6.7	1.5	7	8
Public administration	92	--	6.7	1.5	7	8
Police protection	92212	--	10.9	(⁹)	(¹¹)	(¹¹)

¹ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries per 100 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 200,000 where

N = number of injuries
 EH = total hours worked by all employees during the calendar year
 200,000 = base for 100 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

² Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

³ North American Industry Classification System 2007 Edition

⁴ Employment is expressed as an annual average and is derived primarily from the BLS-State Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages. Employment data are not available from 2012 onward.

⁵ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

⁶ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System -- United States, 2007) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal

mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁷ Data for mining operators in this industry are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁸ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

⁹ Data too small to be displayed.

¹⁰ Relative standard errors were not calculated for mining, except oil and gas (NAICS 212), and rail transportation (NAICS 482).

¹¹ Relative standard error less than 0.5.

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals. Dash indicates data do not meet publication guidelines.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses, in cooperation with participating State agencies.

Table 11. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry sector and selected case types, 2010-2012

Nebraska

Industry Sector ²	Total recordable cases			Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction									Other recordable cases		
				Total			Cases with days away from work ⁶			Cases with job transfer or restriction					
	2010	2011	2012	2010	2011	2012	2010	2011	2012	2010	2011	2012	2010	2011	2012
All industries including State and local government	4.2	4.1	4.1	1.9	1.8	1.9	1.2	1.1	1.1	0.7	0.7	0.8	2.3	2.2	2.2
Private industry³	4.2	3.9	3.9	2.0	1.9	1.9	1.2	1.1	1.1	0.8	0.8	0.8	2.1	2.0	2.0
Goods-producing³	6.4	6.3	5.9	3.7	3.5	3.3	1.8	1.6	1.5	1.8	1.9	1.8	2.7	2.7	2.6
Natural resources and mining^{3,4}	7.6	6.4	5.6	3.9	3.7	2.4	2.2	2.7	2.2	1.7	1.0	--	3.7	2.8	3.3
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting³	8.1	7.0	6.2	4.2	4.0	2.6	2.4	2.9	2.4	1.9	1.1	--	3.9	3.0	3.6
Mining⁴	3.7	2.2	1.7	1.7	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2.1	--	--
Construction	5.2	4.8	4.3	3.1	2.3	2.4	2.5	1.7	1.9	0.6	0.6	0.5	2.1	2.5	2.0
Manufacturing	6.8	6.9	6.6	3.9	4.0	3.8	1.5	1.5	1.3	2.4	2.5	2.5	2.9	2.8	2.8
Service-providing	3.5	3.1	3.3	1.5	1.4	1.5	1.0	0.9	1.0	0.5	0.5	0.6	2.0	1.7	1.8
Trade, transportation, and utilities⁵	4.4	3.8	3.9	2.1	2.0	2.0	1.4	1.3	1.2	0.7	0.7	0.8	2.3	1.8	1.9
Wholesale trade	4.1	3.9	4.2	1.7	1.8	1.6	1.2	1.1	1.1	0.5	0.7	0.5	2.4	2.1	2.6
Retail trade	4.5	3.2	3.6	2.1	1.7	1.9	1.3	1.1	1.1	0.8	0.6	0.9	2.4	1.5	1.7
Transportation and Warehousing	4.7	4.5	4.2	2.6	2.6	2.5	1.8	1.8	1.6	0.8	0.8	0.9	2.2	1.9	1.7
Utilities	1.4	--	1.1	--	1.2	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Information	1.0	1.9	1.7	0.5	0.7	0.8	0.3	0.6	0.5	0.2	0.1	0.3	0.5	1.2	0.9
Financial activities	1.2	1.1	0.9	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2	--	0.1	0.1	0.8	0.7	0.6
Professional and business services	2.1	2.0	1.5	0.8	0.9	0.8	0.5	0.7	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.3	1.3	1.1	0.7
Education and health services	5.2	4.5	4.9	2.3	2.0	2.2	1.4	1.1	1.3	0.9	0.8	0.9	2.9	2.5	2.7
Educational services	1.6	1.7	2.3	0.6	0.6	0.9	0.3	0.2	0.5	0.3	0.3	0.3	1.0	1.1	1.5
Health care and social assistance	5.5	4.7	5.1	2.4	2.1	2.3	1.5	1.2	1.4	0.9	0.9	0.9	3.0	2.6	2.8
Leisure and hospitality	3.5	3.5	4.0	1.0	0.9	1.2	0.7	0.7	0.9	0.3	0.2	0.3	2.5	2.6	2.8
Other services, except public administration	2.3	1.9	4.3	1.1	0.4	1.9	0.9	0.3	1.6	0.2	0.1	0.3	1.2	1.5	2.4
State and local government	--	5.4	--	--	1.6	--	--	1.3	--	--	0.3	--	--	3.8	--
State government	--	5.6	--	--	1.4	--	--	0.9	--	--	0.5	--	--	4.2	--
Local government	4.7	5.3	5.2	1.4	1.7	1.5	1.1	1.5	1.2	0.3	0.2	0.3	3.3	3.6	3.7

¹ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 100 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 200,000 where
 N = number of injuries and illnesses
 EH = total hours worked by all employees during the calendar year
 200,000 = base for 100 equivalent full-time workers
 (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

² *North American Industry Classification System, 2007 Edition*

³ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

⁴ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System, 2007 edition) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded

from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes OSHA made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁵ Data for employers in railroad transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

⁶ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without restricted work activity.

⁷ Data too small to be displayed.

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals. Dash indicates data do not meet publication guidelines.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses, in cooperation with participating State agencies.